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TWELVE PAGES — ONE RIAL

75% of Iran votes for Bani-Sadr

TEHRAN, Jan. 28 (R) — Abolhassan Bani-Sadr won a massive 75.7 per cent of the vote in Iran's first presidential election last Friday, according to official final results published by the Interior Ministry Monday.

The major surprise in the final figures, carried by the official Pars news agency, was the much lower turnout than had been predicted.

The figures showed Bani-Sadr, Finance Minister and a member of the ruling Revolutionary Council, won 10,709,330 votes out of a total poll of 14,146,622.

The turnout was roughly two million down on last month's referendum, which approved Iran's strict Islamic constitution. According to official estimates, some 22 million people are eligible to vote in Iran, suggesting that about 64 per cent turned out the presidential election.

Bani-Sadr's main rival, Admiral Seyed Ahmad Madani, won 2,224,554 votes, 14.6 per cent of the poll. No other candidate scored more than five per cent.

The candidate supported by much of the ruling clergy and the pro-clergy Islamic Republican Party, Hassan Habibi, won 674,859 votes, 4.8 per cent.

All the other candidates scored less than one per cent.

Following are the final results of the election:

Abolhassan Bani-Sadr	10,709,330	votes	(75.7 per cent)
Seyed Ahmad Madani	2,224,554	votes	(14.6 per cent)
Hassan Habibi	674,859	votes	(4.8 per cent)
Dariush Forouhar	133,478	votes	(0.9 per cent)
Saeed Qorbani	100,500	votes	(0.7 per cent)
Kamal Shafei	59,370	votes	(0.4 per cent)
Sedeq Qorbeh	48,547	votes	(0.3 per cent)

Admiral Ahmad Madani, the 50-year-old former naval commander, said in an interview Monday he would form a political party which he hoped would gain between 50 and 60 seats in the 270-seat Majlis (National Assembly) to be elected at the end of February.

"It will be something like a check and control on government. We are not against them. If they are in line, we will help them. If not, we want to construct a kind of opposition," he said.

In other developments, Iran's Central Bank has asked United States banks, which have maintained representative offices here, to wind down their operations, banking and diplomatic sources said Monday.

The Central Bank, in a letter to the bank's presidents, set no slowdown date.

Ayatollah Khomeini, recovering in a Tehran hospital from a minor heart ailment, got out of bed Monday to pose for photographers.

The photographers said afterwards the 79-year-old Iranian Revolutionary leader looked fit and chatted and waved during the five-minute photo call.



BRIEFING: Crown Prince Fahd received the Ulama Monday in the royal custom of weekly meetings with the religious leaders. Earlier, he received a West German Parliamentary delegation visiting the Kingdom at government invitation. Sunday he received David Rockefeller, chairman of Chase Manhattan Bank, (shown above) with the Prince. Rockefeller, who arrived here last week, met Monday with Planning Minister Sheikh Hisham Nazer with whom he discussed cooperation between the government and American companies. Rockefeller was also briefed on the main features of the Kingdom's development plan.

Agricultural accord signed

By Farouk Laqman

JEDDAH, Jan. 28 — Saudi Arabia and Denmark have agreed to increase cooperation in a range of agricultural activities including food production, animal husbandry and training.

The agreement was contained in a memorandum of understanding signed Monday in Riyadh by Agriculture Ministers Sheikh Abdul Rahman Al Sheik of Saudi Arabia and Poul Dalsager of Denmark. It stems from an agreement signed five years ago and renewed last year in Copenhagen.

Under terms of the memo, a Danish agriculture information expert will study the needs of Saudi Arabian agriculture and organize a training program to fulfill them.

The two ministers also agreed to encourage private joint ventures for the development of agriculture and animal husbandry. Danish Turnkey Dairies already is active in dairy

farming and milk processing here.

Private investors will be encouraged to undertake ventures in poultry processing plants, dairy farms, feed mills, greenhouses and maintenance and service of farm machinery.

Dr. Per Nielsen, sales manager of Turnkey Dairies and a member of the Danish delegation, told *Arab News* that Denmark has agreed to prepare plans for dairy and poultry associations in the Kingdom if the Saudi government approves.

"If the Saudi government agreed to carry out a program for the development and improvement of animal husbandry in the Southern Region of Asir, we will be happy to help," he said.

The Saudi delegation expressed particular interest in taking full advantage of the training clauses of the agreement, especially in dairy farming and farming.

Lebanese hijacker surrenders

BEIRUT, Jan. 28 (AP) — A 28-year-old Lebanese armed with a knife, hijacked a Middle East Airlines jetliner Monday and demanded investigation to resolve the disappearance mystery of Imam Moussa Sadr, leader of Lebanon's Shi'ite Muslim sect. The plane was commandeered in mid-air during a regular flight from Baghdad to Beirut.

It landed at Beirut airport, where Interior Minister Bahij Takkieddin and Public Works Minister Butros Harb negotiated with the hijacker from the control tower.

After a 90-minute hassle, the hijacker released the passengers and crew members and gave himself up to Lebanese security men.

He alighted from the aircraft, asked to meet photographers and reporters and

demanded permission to address a statement to the people of Iran through the Iranian state television correspondent.

No Iranian reporters or cameramen were available, and the hijacker accepted to speak to "any reporters who can relay my thinking to the people of Iran and the (foreign ministers) Islamic conference (now underway) in Pakistan."

"I am addressing this call and the hijack attempt to the entire world," said the hijacker, who identified himself as Ali Issa from the Southern-Lebanese border town of Aitarrun. "I only meant to make our voice heard. I want all Islamic countries to exert themselves and resolve the mystery of the disappearance of Imam Moussa Sadr."

Resolutions condemn Soviets

ISLAMABAD, Jan. 28 (AP) — The emergency foreign ministers session of the Organization of Islamic Conference (OIC) is expected to conclude Monday night with the drafting of four resolutions condemning the Soviet Union's intervention in Afghanistan, an official said.

Oskas Zahiri, assistant secretary general of the Saudi Arabia-based OIC and official spokesman for the conference, said that "no delegation is against the resolutions condemning the Soviet Union for its aggression against Afghanistan."

He did not elaborate on the resolutions, but said the Soviet Union is condemned by Name.

During the conference, Iran accused the United States of paving the way for the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan, saying U.S. policies in the region had given the Kremlin a golden opportunity.

Iranian Deputy Foreign Minister Kakal Kharrazi urged Islamic foreign ministers to demand the withdrawal of Soviet forces from neighboring Afghanistan.

But he said that the conference, being held to discuss the Soviet intervention and other issues, should also condemn the planned U.S. economic sanctions against Iran over the holding of American hostages at the U.S. embassy in Teheran.

The current crisis between Iran and the U.S. set the stage for the Soviet military intervention in Afghanistan," he said.

"This, in the opinion of the Islamic Republic (Iran), is nothing but the consequence of the treacherous U.S. intervention in the region."

The Iranian official added that the conference should protest against the presence of Soviet forces on the Iranian border, U.S. and Soviet forces in the Indian Ocean and America's use of military bases in the region.

Kuwait urged the Soviet Union to pull its forces out of Afghanistan without delay so that the Afghan people could determine their political future freely and without foreign interference.

"We ask the Soviet Union to heed this call, which is only right since it is being made by countries most of whom have good relations with it," Kuwait's foreign minister Sheikh Sabah Al-Ahmed Al-Sabah told the Islamic Foreign Ministers' conference.

"The Islamic and international community cannot but regard the Soviet military intervention as interference in Afghanistan's internal affairs, because it infringed the people's rights to determine their political future."

"The Soviet Union must recognize that its intervention would only encourage other powers to exploit the situation for their private interests and to create areas of influence in Islamic and non-aligned countries," he said.

Saudi Arabia proposed that the Muslim world should use its oil as a weapon to compel the Soviet Union to remove its forces from Afghanistan.

But Iraq's foreign minister, Saadoun Hammadi, said later that the conference was not likely to support the Saudi proposal.

In Egypt, which has been suspended from the Islamic conference because of its peace

treaty with Israel and so is not attending the Islamabad meeting, President Anwar Sadat told Moscow that it would have to reduce drastically its diplomatic staff in Cairo.

He said in an address to Parliament that the Soviet staff would have to be cut from 50 to seven and all remaining Soviet experts in Egypt would have to leave.

Fresh word on developments in Afghanistan itself came Monday from Soviet correspondents who said the Afghan army was being forced onto permanent alert by saboteurs, who were killing people and destroying bridges and communications in various parts of the country.

The Communist Party Daily *Pravda* quoted the Soviet reporters as saying that "bandits," a Soviet term for guerrillas who have fought

in Syria Monday Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko was meeting President Hafez Assad, chief Yasser Arafat on the second day of a visit apparently intended to rally Arab opinion behind the Soviet Union following the Afghan intervention.

successive Moscow-backed Marxist governments in Kabul for two years, "sometimes manage to seize a population center or control a road."

In neighboring Iran, an Afghan insurgent leader arrived Monday to seek military aid from the revolutionary government.

Zia Khan Nasri, who has proclaimed a free Islamic republic in parts of Afghanistan controlled by guerrillas, told a news conference that he was seeking both military training facilities and food from Iranians.

In Syria Monday Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko was meeting President Hafez Assad, chief Yasser Arafat on the second day of a visit apparently intended to rally Arab opinion behind the Soviet Union following the Afghan intervention.

port Arab and Islamic solidarity. He said Abdur Ghani's visit was fruitful and constructive and was marked by frankness and understanding within the context of mutual interest.

He reiterated Saudi Arabia's interest and assistance for the country's development and pledged to continue helping it achieve a better standard of living and greater stability.

By Cairo

Diplomats delayed

TEL AVIV, Jan. 28 (R) — Egypt has asked Israel to delay the departure of a diplomatic team due in Cairo Monday to establish the first Israeli embassy in an Arab country, government officials said.

Foreign ministry officials here said they received a brief message from the Egyptian foreign ministry late Sunday night asking for the delay. There was no explanation for the request.

The Israelis said they were contacting Cairo to try and clarify when the Israeli diplomats should arrive in the Egyptian capital.

The establishment of full diplomatic relations between the two former adversaries is regarded here as the highlight of normalization of ties between the two countries following the peace treaty they signed last year.

Dollar gets second wind

LONDON, Jan. 28 (AP) — The U.S. dollar, helped by Iran's election results, was stronger against the world's major currencies during quiet trading Monday.

The price of gold was sharply lower. At mid-morning it was trading around \$ 650 an ounce in London and Zurich, down from \$ 665.50 in London and \$ 682 in Zurich at Friday's close.

The dollar closed in moderate trading at 240.20 yen up from 239.30 yen at Friday's close.

A source in the Japanese petroleum industry said Saudi Arabia has notified Japanese trading houses and oil distributors of a plan to

increase its crude oil price by \$ 2 to \$ 26 a barrel, retroactive to Jan. 1.

European foreign exchange dealers said the apparent election of Abolhassan Bani-Sadr as Iranian president fuelled some hope of a resolution of the U.S.-Iranian crisis and boosted the dollar. Bani-Sadr is considered a moderate in Iran's revolutionary politics.

Monday's closing gold prices in dollars per troy ounce:

London	638.50
Paris	628.27
Frankfurt	629.00
Zurich	618.00
Hong Kong	623.44

Carter sends \$ 616 b budget to Congress

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28 (AP) — President Jimmy Carter Monday sent Congress a 1981 budget totaling \$ 616 billion. The budget proposes major new spending for the military while putting a partial lid on domestic spending, despite Carter's predictions of sluggish economic growth and high unemployment.

The budget does not include any tax cuts, which Carter warned could worsen inflation, already projected at 10.4 per cent this year. He declared the budget is "prudent and responsible" and "will prepare America for the new decade."

It provides for a deficit of \$ 16 billion, making it the 12th consecutive budget to show red ink.

Charles L. Schultze, the President's chief economic adviser, said the Carter budget foresees a mild recession in 1980, making it the first presidential budget ever "to forecast

a recession." The recession is expected in the first half of the year, followed by a slow economic recovery continuing through 1981.

Total spending in the budget is equal to \$ 2,775 for each American, an increase of \$ 235 per capita spending over fiscal 1980, for which total outlays are estimated at \$ 564 billion. Carter said virtually all of the increase is due to inflation.

The 1981 budget represents a reordering of the administration's priorities, increasing defense outlays by \$ 15.3 billion to counter a Soviet military buildup and other global turmoil, while proposing overall restraint on domestic expenditures to help control inflation.

"The uncertain and sometimes hostile world we live in requires that we continue to build our defense forces," the President said in his budget message to Congress. "I cannot ignore the major increases in Soviet military

spending that have taken place inexorably over the past 20 years."

The budget also includes increased spending for intelligence activities, one official said, but the amount was not made known since outlays for intelligence purposes are secret.

Though combating inflation is a high priority, Carter abandoned his 1976 campaign pledge to balance the budget. With projected revenues of \$ 600 billion falling short of outlays, there is a deficit of \$ 16 billion. The 1980 deficit is projected at \$ 40 billion.

The budget, for the fiscal year beginning Oct. 1, must be approved by Congress, which usually makes significant changes. While spending is up \$ 52 billion over projected 1980 outlays, the administration said \$ 37 billion of that is mandated by existing law, such as cost-of-living hikes in social security benefits.

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Donations urged

SR8 million collected to aid Afghan fighters

RIYADH, Jan. 28 (SPA) — An estimated SR8 million in donations has been collected and sent to the Muslim freedom fighters in Afghanistan.

The announcement was made here Monday during a meeting to the General Board of Donations for the Afghan Freedom Fighters, held under the chairmanship of Prince Salman, the governor of Riyadh.

The board urged the public to send their donations in cash, as it was difficult to send the donations in kind to the deserving in Afghanistan.

The meeting was attended by the board: Prince Sattam, deputy governor of Riyadh; Sheikh Abdul Aziz ibn Baz, general president of the Board of Religious Guidance; Sheikh Saleh Muhammad Al-Lahedan, member of the Supreme Council of the Judiciary and of the Board of Senior Religious Scholars; Sheikh Hamad ibn Durban, deputy minister on the Ministry of Justice; Dr. Abdul Wahhab Attaur and Dr. Abdul Aziz Muddaris.

The board has already opened accounts with the National Commercial Bank, the Riyad Bank, the Rajhi Company for Exchange and Commerce and Muhammad

and Abdullah Ibrahim Al-Subei Exchange Bureau, and their branches throughout the Kingdom, to receive donations for the Afghan fighters.

The board urged Saudi Arabians to hasten to help their brothers in Afghanistan, who were fighting a powerful and treacherous enemy with little arms but great faith. It further encouraged them to help the Afghan refugees, most of whom were children, women and old people.

The board drew public attention to the religious ruling (*fatwa*) issued by Sheikh Abdul Aziz ibn Baz permitting payment of zakat (the 2½ per cent alms tax on a Muslim's wealth) to Afghanistan Muslim fighters. It added that the *fatwa* has also made it possible to pay zakat before its due time, during Ramadan.

It encouraged the people of Saudi Arabia to play a leading role in helping their Afghan brethren through their ordeal.

Meanwhile, Sheikh Abdul Aziz ibn Baz has urged Muslims to give help and assistance to Afghan Muslims and to make every sacrifice in their struggle against the enemies of Islam.

In a statement Monday Sheikh Abdul Aziz reiterated that zakat could be paid, and well in advance of its time, to the Afghan fighters.

He said that, despite Communist Russia's invasion of Afghanistan, its killing and displacing of Muslims and attempts to obliterate Islam in that country, the Afghans were fighting hard in the defense of their faith, dignity and country. He added that the Afghan Muslims were a part of the Muslim body and were in dire need of assistance from their brothers in faith.

Authorities tighten up on video shops

RIYADH, Jan. 28 (SPA) — Information Minister Dr. Muhammad Abdo Yamani has issued instructions to increase the rate of checks on shops selling and hiring video tapes and films that do not conform with Islamic traditions. New rules will soon be issued controlling and regulating the activities of these shops.



CLUB: The Swiss cyclists and their hosts from Saudia. From left, they are Didier Favre, Muhammad Mansouri, Marcel Lachat, Mahmoud Moumineh, Eric Doutrepont, Ghazi Kayyal and Joseph Elmaleh.

After crossing Peninsula

Triumphant Swiss cyclists leave

By Joseph Elmaleh

JEPPDAH, Jan. 28 — The four Swiss men who bicycled their way across Arabia left Jeddah for home in Geneva Monday.

The cyclists made their trip from Jeddah to Damman, 1,750 kilometers, in 12 days. They came under the patronage of Saudia and Al-Ahli Sports Club, as well as Prince Abdullah Al-Faisal and his son Prince Muhammad.

Saudia Sunday invited them to visit its Social, Cultural and Sports Club in the Sharbatly Compound in Baghdadiyah here.

Saudi Comment

Muhammad Mansouri, general manager of the club, Ghazi Kayyal, the manager, and Mahmoud Moumineh, head of public affairs for Arab countries, accompanied them in their visit. It ended with a tea party where Didier Farve, the organizer of the team, thanked Saudia for its patronage and support.

He said that he was astonished to see the courtesy and hospitality of the Saudi Arabian people. They had encouraged them all the way, and in some places they clapped their hands at them.

policemen or the officer invariably leads to detention. This can be extremely bad for the driver, who was quite aware that he made no mistake but had no way of defending himself against the decision of the men or officers who gave him the maximum punishment they could.

Two examples come to mind. One was published in *Al-Riyadh* newspaper last week. It was about a student who was driving inside a hospital compound, either where there were no traffic signs or where perhaps he did not notice them. He was detained for 24 hours and fined SR300, although he had an important appointment with a medical committee. One of my neighbors was detained overnight because the police wanted a signed

guarantee by a company or company paper, although I explained to them that it was midnight and the company was closed.

There are many examples which I am

sure are well known to the authorities. But

many of them are about managers,

executives, responsible people who cannot

be accused of traffic violations with any

intention of breaking the law. It is simply

not fair to sentence them to prison.

The solution lies in cancelling imprisonment as a punishment for light offenses. At the same time traffic policemen and officers should not be permitted to arrest and order detention. This is the job of traffic courts. Besides, offenders should be given the right to pay a fine or go to jail in default. A court will also afford the accused of a fair chance to defend himself if he feels he was not guilty.

The present system is harsh. This may be necessary at times to save people's lives. Unfortunately, harshness has become the rule and not the exception, perhaps unwillingly covering all kinds of traffic offenses. The result is that drivers are now subject to imprisonment at the whim of traffic policeman or officer, whatever the violation. The law should be reviewed in the public interest.

WEATHER

Temperatures will drop slightly in the north-western region. It will be moderate in other areas.

Cloud will thicken in the northern and parts of the central and western regions with possible thunderstorms.

Winds will be northerly and active raising sand and limiting horizontal vision in the northern region.

Sea conditions will be medium to choppy in the Red Sea and moderate in the Gulf. Monday's temperatures (maximum, minimum in centigrade).

Mecca	30° 19'	Fabuk	23° 01'
Jeddah	30° 17'	Faraf	16° 00'
Riyadh	23° 05'	Ara	23° 01'
Dammam	21° 10'	Salah	22° 07'
Al-Khobar	21° 12'	Yazhi	20° 13'
Taif	23° 07'	Abba	18° 09'

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LOAN: Dr. Ahmad Mimai (center), deputy president of the Islamic Development Bank, signs an agreement in Jeddah Sunday to lend Guinea Bissau \$10 million to finance oil products imports from Senegal. (SPA photo)

Fines, imprisonment

Naif reiterates penalties for those helping illegals

JEDDAH, Jan. 28 — Interior Minister Prince Naif has issued instructions to punish

people who house or shelter illegal residents.

Saleh Al-Salem, assistant deputy minister

of the interior for passports told *Al-Jazirah*

Monday that the new rules provide for

imprisonment for one to seven days and

SR1,000 to SR10,000 fines. The fine differs

according to the circumstances of each case,

and imprisonment can be applied in addition

to the fine, according to Royal Order No.

8/2174.

People who help foreigners obtain resi-

dence permits, visas or work permits by

cheating, forgery or bribery will face three to

six months in jail or a fine of SR300 to

SR600. Corrupt people may be fined and

imprisoned at the same time, and deported if

they are foreigners.

Private cars, taxis and public transport are

forbidden.

People caught transporting foreigners

without legal residence permits are to face

fines of up to SR500 and not less than SR100,

or two to ten weeks in jail, or both. Punish-

ments will increase in proportion to the

number of people involved, based on article

51 of the residence law.

Employers who let their staff work indepen-

dently in business or contracting face disci-

plinary measures as frauds.

People who employ workers under con-

tract to their sponsor, with the agreement of

the sponsor, will be fined between SR2,000

and SR10,000 or spend two to six weeks in

jail. The punishment may involve both fines

and imprisonment, depending on the number

of workers involved.

Employers whose workers have dis-

appeared should inform the authorities and

advertise in the newspapers. Otherwise, they

will be held responsible and punished, as

above, according to article 61 of the resi-

dence permits rules and the decision of the

Council of Ministers No. 826. Their fines are

deposited for the General Organization of

Social Insurance.

Ministry employees aged 60 dismissed

MECCA, Jan. 28 (SPA) — Prince Saud ibn Abdul Mabsud, acting governor of Mecca, will inaugurate Tuesday the first confer-

ence of the Mayors of Islamic Capitals here. Participants are from 39 member states

of the Organization of the Islamic Conference.

The conference, which is sponsored by the

General Secretariat of the Islamic Confer-

ence, will discuss the election of administra-

tive board members for the Islamic Capitals

Organization. There will be ten members,

two of whom are permanent representing the

Secretariat of Mecca and the Holy City of

Jerusalem.

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Raiders said migrant workers

Tunisian security forces repulse guerrilla attack

TUNIS, Jan. 28 (R) — Raiders who attacked the Tunisian town of Gafsa Sunday were Tunisian migrant workers living in Libya, sources close to Tunisia's Interior Ministry said Monday.

The official Tunisian news agency GAP reported Sunday that the raiders had crossed the border from Algeria to carry out the attack in which it said a number of people on both sides were killed or wounded.

The sources Monday put the number of raiders at between 25 and 30.

They said order had been restored in Gafsa south west of Tunis, but the industrial center was still cut off from the rest of the country by police roadblocks and telephone lines were down.

The GAP report said the raiders arrived in cars commandeered near the Algerian border 40 kilometers west of Gafsa and attacked army posts and a police station, taking hostages.

It said security forces had driven off the attackers, rescued some civilians who had been captured, and caught some of the raiders.

There were no further details on the identity of the raiders or the motive for the attack, which occurred on the second anniversary of bloody riots during a general strike in Tunisia.

Gafsa is about 300 kilometers from Libya, which lies to the southeast of Tunisia.

In Algiers, the government summoned the Tunisian ambassador to the foreign office and asked for details about the reported infiltration across the border.

Siad Barre sworn in for six years

MOGADISHU, Jan. 28 (R) — Somalia's President Muhammad Siad Barre has been sworn in for a six-year term after being unanimously re-elected by the country's new People's Assembly.

Siad Barre, who came to power in a bloodless military coup in 1969, was given a standing ovation by the 177-member parliament of Saturday night's ceremony.

The parliament was elected last month in the first elections for a decade as part of what diplomats see as an effort by the president to involve Somalia more in the running of their country.

He was due to ask the assembly to approve a new government drawing on a wider range of people than previously and including some non-members of his ruling party.

Algerian officials said they were abounded by the report. They told Reuters that in the past arms convoys heading for Tunisia had been intercepted in Algeria.

The Algerian news agency said that no unusual activity had been noted on the Algerian side of the border recently but travelers reported stricter border checks on the Tunisian side.

The first general strike since Tunisia gained its independence from France took place on Jan. 26, 1978.

Tunis was engulfed in riots. The death toll was officially reported as 51, but independent sources said it was higher.

Trade union leader Habib Achour was blamed for the riots and convicted 10 months later of trying to overthrow the government of life President Habib Bourguiba. Achour was pardoned last August.

It said security forces had driven off the attackers, rescued some civilians who had been captured, and caught some of the raiders.

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Siad Barre was sworn in for six years.

MOGADISHU, Jan. 28 (R) — The United States will "pay dearly for ignoring the Palestinian people and Arab nation," according to Libyan leader Col. Muammar Qaddafi.

The Libyan news agency Jana said Col. Qaddafi was addressing student revolutionary committees at Benghazi on the normalization of Egyptian-Israeli relations.

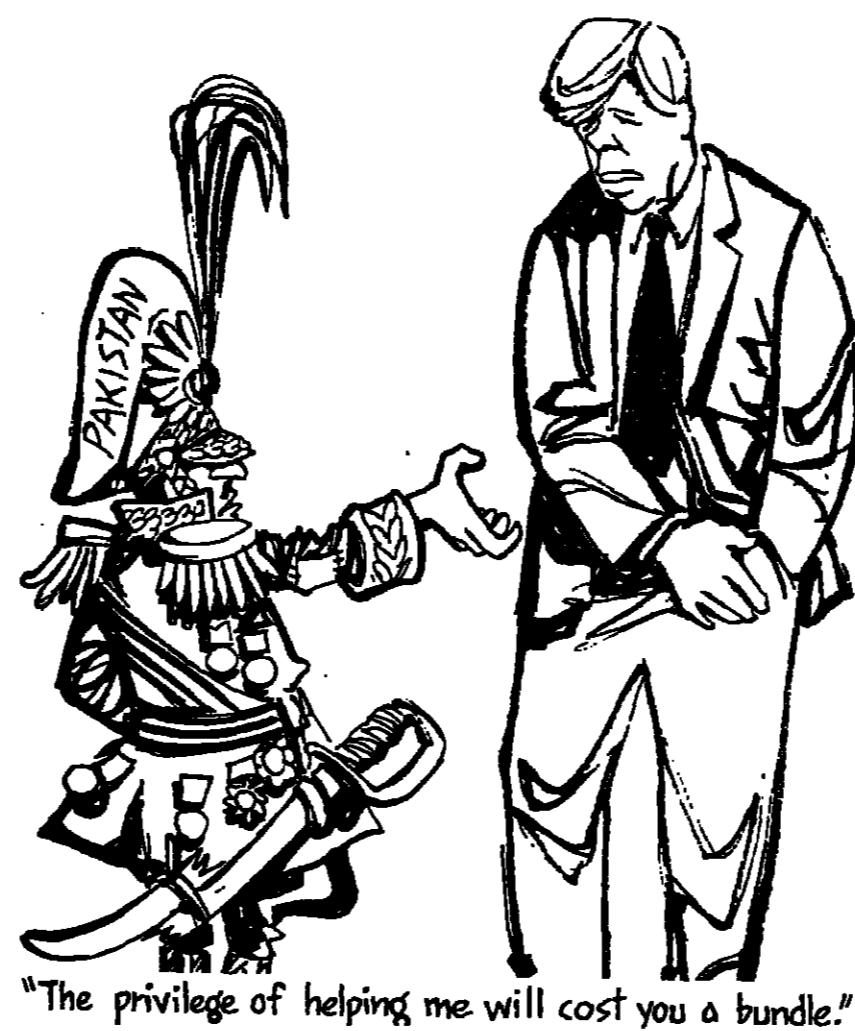
"America will pay dearly for its alignment (with Israel) and ignoring the Palestinian people and Arab nation," he said.

"Every American should (be made to) feel the gravity of what the American government has done. This will be the case when the Arab nation takes its firm decision to cut off oil supplies, boycott American industry and close Arab territorial waters and airspace as a result of the mistake committed against its (American) interests," Qaddafi said.

Qaddafi said normalization of relations between Egypt and Israel was an overt challenge to the Egyptian people, the Arab nation and the Palestinians.

"We must understand that the Israelis have been able through the force of arms to compel an Arab nation to end the state of war with them, asserting their illegal presence with armed force," he said.

Attacking the Camp David Middle East agreements, Qaddafi said: "It was a serious precedent that big power like America should sponsor the results of the use of force by admitting that the aggressor will not withdraw except by dictating his own terms to the victim of aggression."



Soviet invasion adds to Zia's clout

LAHORE, Jan. 28 (WP) — Pakistani President Muhammad Zia Ul-Haq is riding the crest these days, clearly relishing being courted as the head of the latest bastion against Soviet expansion.

He appears confident, knowing the Soviet invasion of neighboring Afghanistan has strengthened the hold of his army-run martial law regime over this country and giving him added clout in his demands for military and economic aid from the West.

Zia told correspondents that a vast majority of Pakistan's 75 million people would support his military government if he held a referendum today. But he also said he does not plan to hold elections — postponed twice since he seized power in a coup 2½ years ago — for several years.

Western and Pakistani observers of this country's political scene have reported simulating political opposition to Zia's rule.

"There's an increasing amount of clandestine meetings of the political opposition," said one Western diplomat. Another noted that members of the executed former Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto's Pakistan Peo-

ple's Party (PPP), banned along with all other political parties in the country, have organized themselves into small cells for "social get-togethers" where politics is the main topic of conversation.

Despite the execution of Bhutto last April and the holding under house arrest of the party leaders, including Bhutto's widow Nurzia and his daughter Benazir, the PPP appears to have substantial support in the country.

In elections last September to local advisory bodies — councils for the military government and the civil servants under them — members of the PPP won a vast majority of the seats throughout the country even though the election was supposed to be nonpartisan.

Most diplomats believe the PPP's strong showing was the last straw in causing Zia to cancel elections and ban all political activity last October. Most of the PPP leaders were either jailed or put under house arrest in October.

Linowitz sees hope on autonomy

CAIRO, Jan. 28 (R) — U.S. Middle East envoy Sol Linowitz has said normalizing relations between Egypt and Israel would help bring progress in negotiations on autonomy for Palestinians on the West Bank and in the Gaza Strip.

Linowitz, who is also his country's chief delegate to the autonomy talks, held a 90-minute session Sunday with Egyptian Prime Minister Mustapha Khalil on the issue.

Answering reporters' questions afterward he said the normalization process was a gratifying development.

"The furtherance of relations is helpful and directly of the overall peace process," he declared.

Khalil said Saturday Egypt had set Feb. 15 as the date for the state of full normalization of relations with Israel.

Linowitz said he discussed with Khalil

ways of encouraging the Palestinians to attend the autonomy negotiations. "This is of course a matter of concern for both of us as the aim of the negotiations is to produce a plan attractive to the Palestinians," he added.

The Palestinians have boycotted the talks so far on the grounds they were a device to perpetuate Israel's occupation of the two areas.

Asked to comment on Israel's latest proposals on Palestinian autonomy presented in Cairo earlier this month, Linowitz said: "These were as we know an effort on the part of Israel as the first step in the process and therefore represented the first contribution." Egypt rejected the Israeli plan which provided for strictly limited powers for a proposed Palestinian autonomous council on the West Bank and in Gaza.

Israelis pound S. Lebanon villages

BEIRUT, Jan. 28 (R) — Israeli and rightist militia gunners Sunday night shelled the South Lebanon town of Nabatiyeh and several nearby villages, a spokesman for Palestinian commands and their leftist allies said in Beirut.

He said the Israelis and rightists used artillery and heavy rockets in what he called an indiscriminate attack on the area.

The spokesman did not mention any casualties or damage.

PLO office in Greece discussed

ATHENS, Jan. 28 (R) — Greece and the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) began talks Monday on plans to open a PLO office in Athens. The head of the PLO's Political Department, Farouk Khaddoumi, met Foreign Minister George Rallis at the foreign ministry. He arrived from Beirut Sunday.

They were discussing the status of their future relations and whether a PLO office to be opened in the capital will be a diplomatic office or an information bureau.

Kuwait ruler gets Carter's letter

KUWAIT, Jan. 28 (R) — The Ruler of Kuwait Sheikh Jaber Al-Ahmad Al-Sabah has received a letter from President Jimmy Carter on the U.S. plan to boycott the Olympic Games in Moscow, it has been revealed here.

Minister of State for Cabinet Affairs Abdul-Aziz Hussein said after Sunday's weekly cabinet meeting that the letter was delivered by the U.S. ambassador in Kuwait Francois Dickman.

A spokesman for the U.S. embassy said the administration was informing other governments of Carter's decision not to support sending an Olympic team to Moscow in retaliation for the Soviet military intervention in Afghanistan.

He said he understood Kuwait had expressed interest in a boycott even before Carter's State of the Union address and was consulting with Saudi Arabia on the issue.

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France, India denounce aggression

NEW DELHI, Jan. 28 (R) — France and India said the use of force in international relations and the internal affairs of sovereign states was inadmissible.

The statement was contained in a joint declaration by French President Valery Giscard d'Estaing and Indian Premier Indira Gandhi after extensive talks here on the international situation since the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan.

They called on all countries to refrain from taking any action which could intensify great-power rivalry and bring back the cold war.

The declaration urged all countries "particularly the most powerful ones to recognize the gravity of the danger and bend all their efforts to avert it."

D'Estaing and Gandhi have "decided to take all necessary initiatives to defuse the present tension and to help create a climate of mutual trust and confidence."

The declaration said it was necessary to create conditions in which independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity of all the countries was preserved without outside interference.

The two-page document did not name the Soviet Union or accuse it of armed intervention in Afghanistan.

India and France are also expected to sign a joint communique and at least half a dozen bilateral economic agreements.

Questioned later by French journalists d'Estaing stressed that Afghanistan was not the only seat of tension causing France and India concern.

The declaration called on all states to refrain from "a dangerous arms buildup liable to threaten peace and stability in sensitive regions" — a clear reference to American plans to supply arms to Pakistan.

On the two countries' declared intention to try to defuse present tensions, the French President said initiatives would be taken at the United Nations, but he did not elaborate.

He said it was necessary to create conditions in which there were no foreign forces in independent countries and where the institutions of a particular nation were such that people could express themselves freely.

Gandhi, who will have talks with Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko next month, made no statement after the signing ceremony at Rashtrapati Bhawan (the presidential palace).

The declaration said Giscard and Gandhi had decided to act "conscious of the special responsibilities which devolve, in the present critical time, on France and India because of their respective policies of detente and non-alignment."

The declaration did not name Afghanistan, the Soviet Union, whose troops intervened there, and the United States also came under criticism by Indian leaders for wanting to arm Pakistan in the wake of the Afghan intervention. But it expressed concern over renewed



FRENCH TALKS : French President Giscard d'Estaing sits at a conference table in New Delhi, India, where he and Indira Gandhi are discussing foreign intervention by the "great powers."

"great power rivalry."

France and India declared that:

- "1. Any situation arising out of the use of force in international relations and intervention or interference in internal affairs of sovereign states is inadmissible.

- "2. In order to stop further escalation, all states should refrain from any action which could intensify greater power rivalry and bring back the cold war, especially through dangerous arms buildup liable to threaten peace and stability in sensitive regions.

- "3. It is necessary to restore independence. Sovereignty and territorial integrity of all states and the right of their peoples to freely determine their own destiny without outside interference assured.

- "4. Respect for and implementation of these principles do not prejudice any state's legitimate security interests and would, in fact, go a long way toward safeguarding them."

Reporters and photographers were allowed to the signing of the declaration in three languages — French, English and Hindi — in a chandeliered hall of the presidential palace where Giscard and his wife are living.

The agreements are expected to cover bilateral cooperation in such fields as agriculture, development of natural resources and energy sources, science and technology and information and culture. India is keen to get French technology in oil prospecting and nuclear fuel processing.

A spokesman said he had no information, however, whether France had offered to make up make up of uranium nuclear fuel caused by delay of U.S. shipments of fuel to the American-built power station near Bombay.

Giscard is scheduled to make a private visit Monday to Benares, the Hindu holy city, and take a boat ride on the Ganges.

11 disciplined in scandal case

TOKYO, Jan. 28 (R) — Japan's Army Chief resigned Monday and 11 senior defense officials were disciplined in connection with the country's biggest peacetime spy scandal.

Army Chief-of-Staff Lt. Gen. Shigeto Nagano stepped down to take responsibility for the affair, involving a retired major-general who is alleged to have passed secrets to Moscow.

At the same time the defense agency said it had disciplined 11 officials, including a vice-minister, and three generals.

The measures ranged from suspension from duty to pay cuts and reprimands.

Informed sources said the decisions were aimed at restoring public confidence in the armed forces, following the arrests on January 18 of former Maj.-Gen. Yukihisa Miyanaga and two intelligence officers on suspicion of spying for the Soviet Union.

Shortly after the arrests, Soviet military Attaché Col. Yuri Kozlov, left Tokyo for Moscow despite a Japanese request to go to the Foreign Ministry to answer questions.

The Soviet Embassy said Kozlov had to return home because his mother was ill, and cited diplomatic immunity for his not going to the Foreign Ministry.

Police have alleged that Miyanaga received classified information from the two intelligence officers based at the defense agency headquarters, and passed it on to Kozlov.

The three men, if charged and convicted, could receive maximum jail terms of up to 10 years. Japan has no specific law to deal with traitors.

Death sentence upheld by Korean appeals court

SEOUL, Jan. 28 (AP) — A military Court of Appeals Monday upheld a lower army court's death sentences against former Korean Central Intelligence Chief Kim Jae-Kyu and five others in connection with the October 26 assassination of President Park Chung-hee and five bodyguards.

The higher court found them guilty of murder for sedition or attempted sedition.

A five-member panel, led by Lt. Gen. Yun Hung-chong, ruled that there were no grounds for their appeals.

The five other defendants were former Chief Presidential Secretary Kim Kae-won and four KCIA agents.

The higher court also upheld a three-year prison term for a seventh defendant, also a KCIA agent, who was charged with destroying evidence by burying pistols used in the killing.

The defendants are required to appeal to the Supreme Court, the nation's highest civilian court, within seven days after the confirmation by the martial law commander of their sentences.

They were tried by army courts under the martial law that was proclaimed following Park's death.

The military appeals court rejected the contention by the defendants that murder for sedition charges against them wasn't warranted and that they should be charged with simple murders.

It refused to accept Kim Jae-Kyu's contention that he killed Park to get rid of dictator and not to wrest power from him.

He was sentenced to death by a lower court, and not to wrest power from him.

An eighth defendant, an army colonel, who



DEATH SENTENCE : Kim Jae-Kyu (second from left) stands before the Korean appeals court as he receives the verdict upholding his death sentence. The assassin of President Park said he acted to "get rid of a dictator."

was sentenced to death by a lower court, could not appeal under law. He has requested a retrial.

IRA march attacked in England

BIRMINGHAM, England, Jan. 28 (AP) — Four people, including a policeman, were injured and 17 were arrested here when an angry crowd attacked an Irish Republican Army march.

The march commemorated the eighth anniversary of "bloody Sunday," the day in 1972 when 14 protesting Roman Catholics were killed by British paratroopers in Londonderry, Northern Ireland.

In Londonderry itself, police said one British soldier was injured when 40 young rioters went on a rampage following a march by about 1,000 IRA supporters. Relatives of those killed in the January 30, 1972, incident also laid wreaths on a memorial in the city's Roman Catholic bogside district.

The trouble in Birmingham flared as an estimated 2,000 supporters of the IRA's provisional Sinn Fein political wing — joined by left-wing activists — were confronted by angry opponents waving Union Jacks and pelting the marchers with coins.

Some 650 uniformed police, some on horseback, struggled to keep the two groups apart, but scuffles broke out.

The clash occurred only a few hundred yards from the center of this midlands industrial city where 21 people were killed in a 1974 IRA bombing blitz, the worst single mainland assault in the IRA's 11-year campaign to force the British out of Northern Ireland.

The angered locals shouted "Irish scum, get out of Brum," according to reporters on the scene. "Brum" is slang for Birmingham.

One flag-waving counter-demonstrator, Edward Camping, 62, said: "It is sickening to have to stand here and watch the IRA come to gloat at their delivery."

Burundi to undergo social restructuring

BUJUMBURA, Burundi, Jan. 28 (AP) — Burundi, one of the poorest countries in the world, has decided to regroup its huge but scattered population into "development villages," whether it likes it or not.

One of the main reasons for the country's underdevelopment is its mountainous geography and the old tradition of its farmers, who form the majority of the population, to live in scattered farms. Burundi has a population of 4.1 million people for 27,832 sq. kms — 148 people per sq. kilometer, one of the highest densities in Africa.

"All the country is overcrowded," Burundi President Col. Jean-Baptiste Bagaza said at a news conference recently. "But a village means development. People will build villages as they

went to school.

"They fought against school at the start but rushed into them later. People also fought against roads, hospitals and some are still against schools. It will be the same for villages. People may be against them now but we won't be able to cope with the demand later."

Bagaza added the pace of village regrouping will be different for farmers, fishermen, mountaineers or valley people. He said the program would take at least five years.

The president said wages would not be raised and prices would be checked. He said a priority project was food self sufficiency through the draining of swamps. The goal is to have two or three crops a year instead of the present single one. Silos and store-houses will also be built.

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With two days to go

W. Indies lead looks unbeatable in Adelaide

ADELAIDE, Jan. 28 (AP) — The West Indies are in an almost unassailable position, 428 runs with six wickets in hand and two days' play remaining, in the third Test against Australia at the Adelaide Oval.

The West Indies finished the third day on Monday with a second innings total of four for 303 having led Australia by 125 runs on the first innings.

Once again it was Vivian Richards with one of the opening pair, this time Gordon Greenidge, who laid the foundation for the run-getting glut.

He and Greenidge put on 136 minutes for the second wicket after an opening stand of 48.

Then later Alvin Kallicharran and Lawrence Rowe added to the swelling total by putting on 86 in 71 minutes for the fourth wicket.

This stand ended with Rowe caught at the wicket cutting Geoff Dymock for 43.

Kallicharran remained not out 56 with 115 runs coming in the final two hour session.

But the partnerships between Richards and Greenidge and Kallicharran and Rowe were allowed to profit because of Australia's poor fielding.

Greenidge was dropped by wicket keeper Rod Marsh off Dymock when mine and the total 25.

There had been an earlier escape for Desmond Haynes who should have been run out at seven but a bad return from Alan Border at point to Marsh.

Later in the innings Kallicharran would have been run out by yards but for a poor return to the bowlers' end from Dennis Lillee at point.

Richards, although beaten on several occasions by Lillee early in his innings, also had a stroke of good fortune, giving Mallett a difficult catch and bowled chance at 40.

But Richards for the most part was in complete command, timing the ball beautifully and hitting with controlled power to score 74, including 11 fours.

In three tests against Australia in the present series he has scored 140, 96, 76 and 74, an average of 96.5.

Not quite so dynamic as in previous innings he was content to sit back and wait for the bowler to stray off his line or length and then unmercifully punish the ball.

It was almost embarrassing with the ease in which both Richards and Greenidge handled the bowling.

They had battted almost throughout the lunch-tea session with Richards posting his 50 in 80 minutes with eight fours and Greenidge reaching his half century in 179 minutes.

In the last over before tea Border was called on to bowl his first over of the match and he dismissed Richards with his first ball.

It was short and Richards, attempting to hit it in the direction of point, dragged the ball onto his stumps.

It was a wicket-maiden over by Border who was not called on again until the total had reached 291.

Greenidge, who was 63 at tea, continued on for another 11 runs before he moved out to drive Mallett who was smartly stumped by Marsh.

It was an innings of great control and of inestimable value to the West Indies.

Greenidge batted for 253 minutes and hit five hours and one six in his score of 76.

Apart from indifferent fielding by the Australians there were 23 balls, the chief offenders Lillee, 8, and Pascoe, 7.

The day began with a doubt about Lillee's

ability to bowl with a badly bruised joint on the top of the middle finger of his right hand.

Before the start of play Australia had requested that he be allowed to wear some flesh colored tape on the finger joint, but the West Indies refused.

They were however overruled by the umpires, who under the law of fair and unfair play did not deem it unfair for Lillee to wear the piece of tape.

Lillee opened the bowling and showed a lot of fire but finished the day without taking a wicket in his 16 overs.

Australia, which resumed the day with its first innings score of nine for 201, lost its additional wicket for two leg byes when Border was bowled by Roberts.

In Canberra, the family of England's middle order batting was again exposed on Monday, the second day of the Tourists' match here against New South Wales.

England were dismissed for 203 in reply to NSW's 212 for seven declared and at the close of play New South Wales were coasting at 113 for one.

Out of form Nottinghamshire batsman Derek Randall provided one of the few rays of sunshine for the tourists with a timely 44, an innings which must have confounded his critics and supporters alike.

Randall, the hero of last year's Australian tour, has been sadly out of touch and seemed certain to be replaced in the third and final Test against Australia by Wayne Larkins.

Larkins, brought on tour as an opener, forfeited a golden opportunity Monday when he fell victim to the pace of Geoff Lawson without scoring.

David Gower, another player badly out of touch also failed again, caught behind by former Test keeper Steve Akers off the bowling of Richard Done.

England keeper Bob Taylor, who has also been struggling with the bat on this tour, top-scored with an unbeaten 47.

But it was the impish Randall who starred on an otherwise disappointing day for England.

Randall was out in the eighth over after lunch but not before he had delighted the crowd with some fine strokes, a reminder that, on his day, he can still be a matchwinner.

Lawson, vying for a place in the Australian squad to tour Pakistan, advanced his claims with impressive figures, three for 55 off 15.5 overs.

Lawson's pace was well completed by the slower bowling of off-spinners Graeme Beard who took two wickets for 40 off 20 overs and Robert Holland, who took three for 62 off 24.5 overs.

England's bowlers failed to gain the same response from the two day old wicket and New South Wales openers Andrew Hilditch and John Dyson were untroubled by but on 112 for the first wicket.

The partnership was broken when Hilditch was caught by Taylor off Derek Underwood's bowling in the second to last over of the day for 78.

Hilditch, Australian vice-captain on this year's tour to India, has been struggling for state selection since his return from India and his innings must have been a welcome return to form.

Hilditch outscored his opening partner as he punished the England bowling attack. In contrast to his partner's 78, Dyson scored 29 but will still be there when play resumes on Tuesday, the final day of the three day match.

Dyson's partner will be Trevor Chappell, who is yet to score.

Third year running

indoor pro championship

U.S. Open champion Connors made it three indoor titles in as many years and four in all, equaling the four-win record of Australian Rod Laver.

In Chicago, Martina Navratilova defeated Chris Evert Lloyd 6-4, 6-4 Sunday to capture the Women's Professional Tennis Tournament for the second straight year.

The match see-sawed throughout, with Lloyd breaking Navratilova's serve four times before a sellout crowd of 9,300. The final game of the first set went to deuce on Lloyd's serve. Six times Lloyd saved set points in the final game alone and Navratilova also hit nine outright winners.

"It was difficult playing Chris because she had nothing to lose and went for broke," Navratilova said. "It was a different Chris than normal because she was a lot more aggressive, coming in on all the short balls I gave her and winning most of them."

"I wonder how long I'll be able to keep up being No. one. Chris' recent consideration of taking time off makes me wonder about my own game."

Lloyd said that in recent games her concentration has been wandering. "I'm not on the court 100 per cent of the time," she said. "I'm thinking of the other things in my life."

Navratilova and Billie Jean King defeated Sylvia Hanika and Kathy Jordan 6-3, 6-4, to win the doubles crown.

Connors takes

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 28 (R) — Top-seeded Jimmy Connors became the first player to win the U.S. Pro indoor tennis championships three years in a row when he beat fellow American John McEnroe, 6-3, 2-6, 6-3, 3-6, 6-4.

By outlasting second-seeded McEnroe, the

Watson takes golf after playoff win

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 28 (AP) — Tom Watson's routine par, an anticlimax after a wild variety of adventures, on the first extra hole provided him with a sudden-death playoff victory over D.A. Weibring and the title in the San Diego Open golf tournament Sunday.

Weibring, 26 rapidly establishing himself as one of the game's most promising players, and Watson completed the regulation 72 holes with matching totals of 275, 13 shots under par on the cold, gloomy, windy south course at the torrey pines golf club.

The playoff was set up when Watson, the outstanding player in golf for the past three seasons and opening his 1980 campaign here, three-putted for bogey on the 72nd hole, blowing sole control of the top spot.

In order, Watson led by two, trailed by three, led by two again, was tied, led by one, then tied. He had a last-round 70. Weibring shot a brilliant 65.

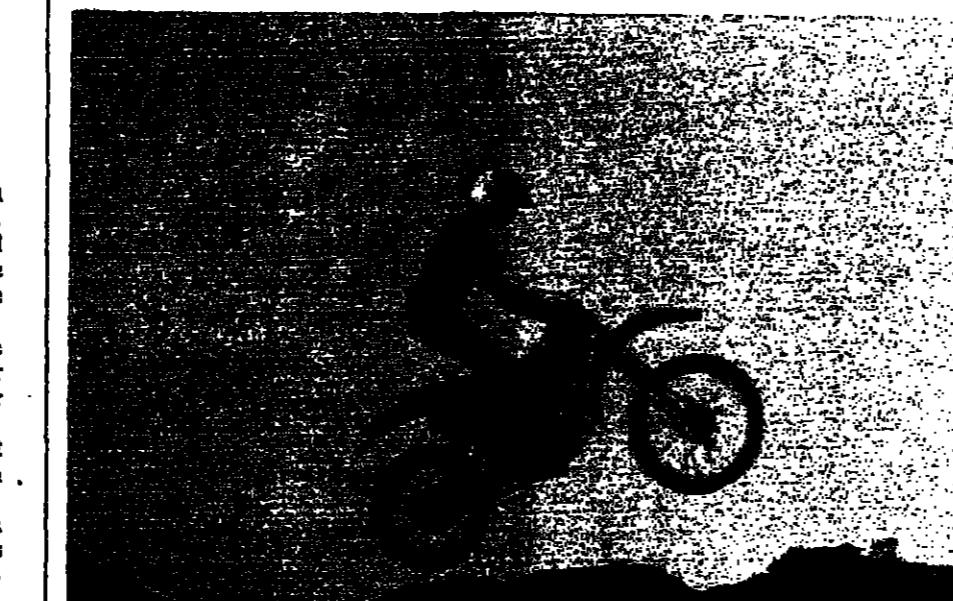
In the playoff, Weibring drove into the left rough and was blocked from the green by a tree. He had to play out short, then pitched to the green, the shot stopping some 3-4 feet from the cup. Watson was on in two and two-putted for the routine par.

Weibring then missed the par-saving putt and Watson was a winner again, off and running in his quest for a fourth consecutive Player of the Year title.

Lon Hinkle, who once led by three shots, finished a distant third at 71-278. It was another two strokes back to Andy North and Keith Fergus at 280. North had a closing 69, Fergus 71. Ray Floyd was alone at 281 after a closing 70.

The close of the playoff, a bogey by Weibring and a two-putt par by Watson, was in sharp contrast to the dramatic ebb and flow of the action along the cliffs and crags of the oceanside layout.

The victory was Watson's 17th in the United States.



BEKE: Jahan of Saudi Arabia (right) won the 250 cc race at the IG Moto-cross meeting in Jeddah, with Richard of Belgium (above) third.



Jeddah

Saudi first in motocross

JEDDAH, Jan. 28 — Jahan, a Saudi Arabian, won the IG Motocross race for 250 cc machines outside Jeddah last weekend. He was followed by Fridh of Sweden and Richard of Belgium.

The 125 cc race was won by Fichtner of West Germany, Novak of the United States was second and Binst of Belgium

third. In the 80 cc section, Flauaus of West Germany was followed home by Papadopoulos of Greece and Juften of Holland.

The riders came from the Kingdom and 11 other countries. The races were sponsored by the Suzuki agent, Said ibn Omar Barayan.

From Jabouille and Jones

Arnoux in Renault wins Brazilian Grand Prix

SAO PAULO, Jan. 28 (R) — Frenchman Rene Arnoux has completed his first Formula One victory by winning the Brazilian Grand Prix at the Interlagos circuit here.

The 31-year-old driver took over the lead from Renault team-mate and compatriot Jean-Pierre Jabouille soon after the halfway stage of the 40-lap race and finished clear of the lotus of second place Elio de Angelis of Italy.

Australian Alan Jones, winner of five of the last seven Grands Prix, including the opening round of the 1980 World Championship in Argentina two weeks ago, nursed his Sandia Williams into third place. The effort took him four points clear of Arnoux in the battle for the title.

Frenchman Didier Pironi was fourth despite a pit stop in his Ligier, followed by the McLaren of brilliant young compatriot Alain Prost.

Italian Riccardo Patrese gained his first championship point of the season by finishing sixth in his Arrow.

Moment after Arnoux finished, his turbocharged car spluttered to a halt with its gas tanks empty. It was Renault's second championship triumph; Jabouille won the French Grand Prix last July.

The partnership was broken when Hilditch was caught by Taylor off Derek Underwood's bowling in the second to last over of the day for 78.

Jabouille will retire

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28 (AP) — Pakistan cricket captain Asif Iqbal announced Monday he will retire from Test cricket after the sixth Test against India ends Feb. 3.

"The time has come to make my last bow," Iqbal, 36 told reporters.

He was appointed last year to head the Pakistan team on its three-month tour of India.

"I am getting old ... I have played a lot of cricket since 1964."

Connors takes

indoor pro championship

In Bangkok, India's Elangovan outshone players from 10 other countries in the Asian Amateur Championships Sunday, capturing the men's single crown and shared top honor with a fellow Indian in the men's doubles category.

The young Indian player downed Japan's top seeded Akihiro Naguro 3-6, 6-3, 7-6, 6-4 in a thrilling match which lasted over three hours.

Elangovan earlier brought victory to the Indian team along with Shanker Krishnan in the men's doubles event, beating Indonesia's Yustedjo Tariq and Tinus by a score of 4-6, 6-4, 6-3, 6-3.

Host Thailand lost its only hope for the finals with a beating in the mixed doubles by Indonesia's Lita Sugiantoro and Yustedjo Tariq, 5-7, 6-4, 7-5.

Kim Soo Oak of South Korea captured the women's singles crown, beating another South Korean opponent, Han Yoon Ja, 6-4, 6-3.

In the women's doubles event, Japan's Kumiko Tsukamoto and Kyoko Makagawa downed Indonesia's Lita Sugiantoro and Yolanda Sumarno 7-5, 6-4.

The 11 countries participating in the championships were India, Indonesia, Iraq, Japan, Malaysia, Nepal, South Korea, Singapore, Sri Lanka, the Philippines and Thailand.

Watson takes golf after playoff win

reached the final three years ago, outclassed British under 19 champion David Thomas 9-1, 10-8 in less than 30 minutes.

In Toronto, Gajendra Singh, a member of India's 1978 World Cup squash team, defeated Vic Harding of Toronto 12-15, 15-4, 15-6, 15-9 Sunday to win the Ontario A 70-plus squash championship.

Singh, 22, a second-year student at the University of Western Ontario, had knocked off top-seeded Phil Motahdi 3-2 in games, while Harding bested no. two seed John Lenard to earn his berth in the final.

In the veterans' over-40 competition, top-ranked Gerry Shugar, 43, defeated Mike Carpenter, 14-18, 15-8, 15-10, 15-8 in the final.

Fred Beasley won the consolation event by defeating Fred Reid 3-2 in games.

British Number One Jon Leslie, who

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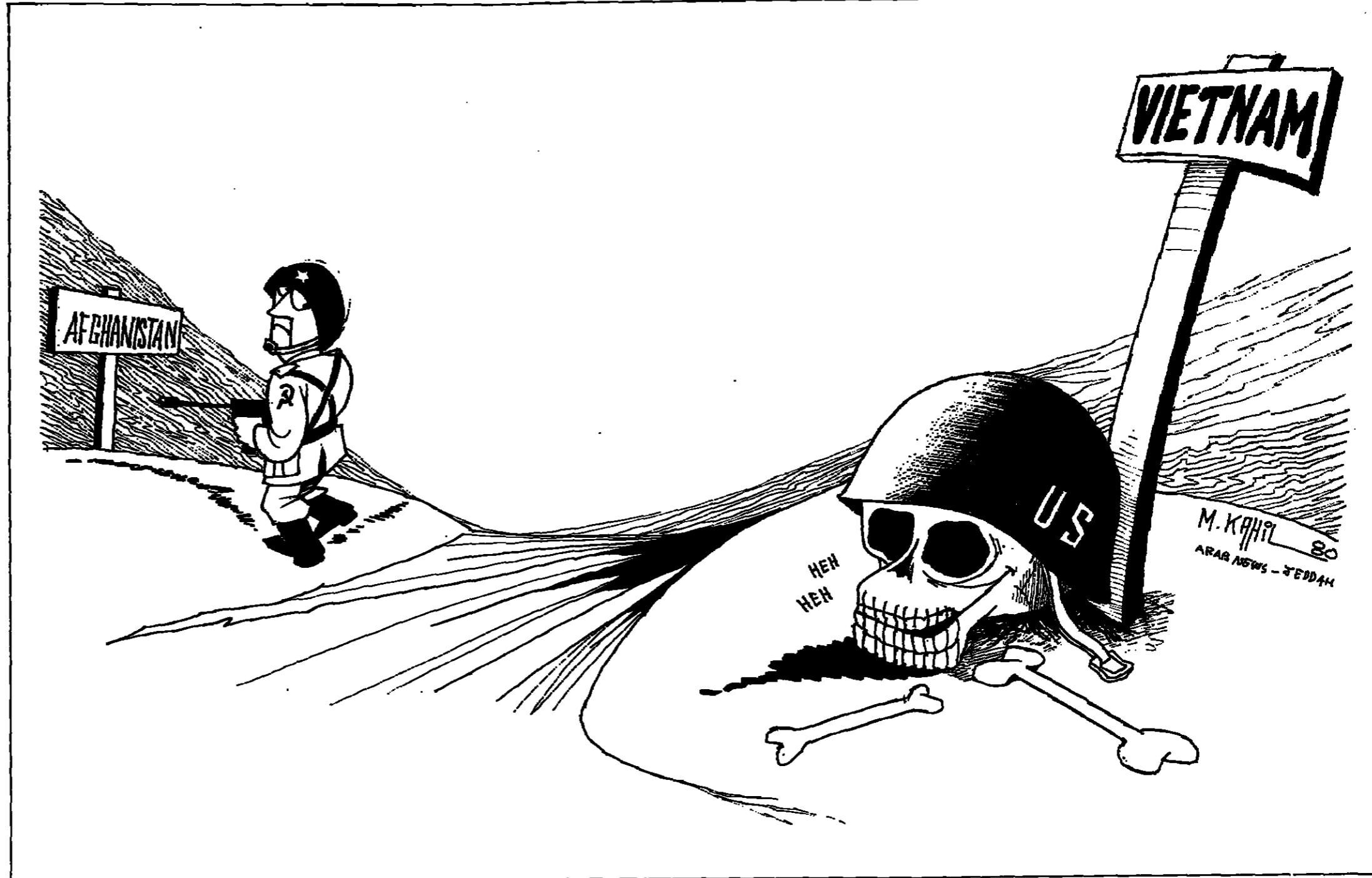
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Tide running against him, but Kennedy is optimistic

By Anthony Holden

WASHINGTON —

Number two in the polls for the first time in a decade, Ted Kennedy is watching helplessly as the presidency slips from his grasp. Over dinner on his campaign plane last week, however, he assured me he still feels "upbeat and hopeful and optimistic about this thing."

What else can he say? We had just visited four New England states in 24 hours, an indication of Kennedy's own fears that even his family's homeland could fall to President Carter in the primaries ahead. In two extraordinary months, the Ayatollah Khomeini and President Brezhnev have between them yanked Carter back from oblivion and made a mockery of Kennedy's hereditary claims on the White House.

He calls the present presidential impasse "unique in American history." Would he have entered the race, had a staff soothsayer foreseen events in Iran and Afghanistan? "Oh, sure. The reasons for entering the race still stand, and in fact have been accentuated by the failure of foreign policy..."

"There's an obvious and natural concern among the American people about the safety of the hostages. That issue has subsumed the broader debate and discussion. But it's only a matter of time before we'll come to grips with the central domestic issues of the campaign — energy, inflation, the economy — on all of which I differ sharply from the president. I hope it'll be sooner rather than later, but I think it's only a matter of time."

Time, however, is not on Kennedy's side. He has suffered his first major setback recently at the caucuses to select Democratic Convention delegates in Iowa, the state which hoisted Jimmy Carter from nowhere in 1976. Some months ago, when things were looking good, Kennedy rashly called the Iowa caucuses "the first real test of strength."

The remark looks like backfiring. In the past three weeks Kennedy has spent 16 days traveling 6,000 miles around Iowa, while Carter, pleading affairs of state, has sent 30 White House staff "on vacation" there and thrilled wavering households with chatty presidential phone calls. Kennedy could even come third behind Carter and "uncommitted."

The Carter victory confronted the Senator with a painful and very personal truth. Carter's grain embargo against Moscow, obviously unpopular in so predominantly agricultural a state, has not driven Democrats into the waiting arms of Ted Kennedy. They have crossed to the Republicans, they have stuck with Carter despite it all, or they have simply stayed home. In a storm, any port but Kennedy's.

Why? Because they don't trust him. It all comes back to Chappaquiddick, which, contrary to most expectations (both the senator's and the pollsters'), just won't go away. "I stand by my sworn testimony," he says, pausing to between mouthfuls of crab. "I wouldn't have gotten into this thing if I thought any new evidence could come up to contradict it."

The second remark is particularly heartfelt. Last week two major publications, the *Washington Star* and the *Reader's Digest*, came up with what they claimed was just such new evidence. The details were complex, involving tide tables, shifting land masses, and the speed at which cars travel through the air after falling off bridges. To the reading public, they proved in a vague sort of way that Kennedy was still lying.

In a fit of anger, he overreacted. For the first time in 10 years, Kennedy called a press conference to rebut Chappaquiddick accusations, thus ensuring they received an even wider hearing. He had a good case, but it got lost amid the tide tables, oceanographic charts and sworn depositions issued to the press. The senator was protesting too much.

"The interesting thing," he says aboard the aircraft, chewing on his huge cigar, "is that two investigating teams have studied this for several months and come up with completely conflicting stories. I know what happened, and the independent assessments have substantiated my account."

"But I think the American people are more interested in the issues that vitally affect their lives: the high rates of interest, high rates of inflation, the failure to develop an effective energy policy, the lurching from crisis to crisis in foreign affairs. I think the positions on these issues will be the decisive ones."

You could press him all night on Chappaquiddick without getting any further. But even having allowed him to wriggle off the hook, back on to domestic platforms, it is difficult to pin him down to any specifics. In interview, as in his stump speeches, Kennedy contents himself with bland generalities designed to avoid any more Shah-like gaffes.

Asked for a foreign policy to rival the "Carter Doctrine," Kennedy is not prepared to go beyond "what I believe should be the basic elements of a foreign policy." He then talks unexceptionably about restraint, arms limitation, obligations to the Third World, and — as a conscious gesture to a London newspaper — "the reaffirmation of our relationships with our allies."

Suddenly he leans forward, as if he'd thought of something worth saying. "Let me just say that besides the United States and its allies, and besides the United States and Third World countries, I think that there's an important responsibility for the U.S. as a force within the world to try and help resolve these, er, you know, disputes." His voice trails away again.

Campaign audiences are as dismayed as interlocutors by the sight of a Kennedy who appears to have given up. Each entry into each hall provokes all-American whoops and whistles, a brief whiff of Camelot which momentarily revives the flagging spirits of his attendant journalists. They, like the audience, then sink back with glazed eyes as the candidate's rhetoric fails to scale the nursery slopes.

His walkabouts, by contrast, are tumultuous — a daily agony for his secret service detail, 36 of whom, several armed with submachine guns, guard the

man they have codenamed "sunburn." It was a week ago to watch the ferocity with which they overwhelmed three Newark Communists who sprayed eggs in the senator's direction.

Kennedy staff and security men, indeed, outnumbered spectators as he made a grand tour that morning of the town square of Claremont, New Hampshire. "I like books," he proclaimed, on entering the corner bookstore. In Wadleigh's Grocery he borrowed three books from his nephew Chris, Bobby's son, to buy some cheese — proof that Kennedy, like British Royalty, doesn't carry

more than a few books.

During the day he made 12 speeches: to small groups of enthusiastic party workers, to larger gatherings of students and the small-town curious, to labor leaders and local newspaper editors. All received the same broad homily, and all were expected to be swayed more by the presence than by any substance that might go with it.

The indications are that the presence is no longer enough. Kennedy takes specific positions only when they contradict Carter's. He supports increased defense spending, but he opposes the MX missile. He opposes deregulation of oil prices, but supports a tougher windfall profits tax. When outlining his energy proposals, he himself points out that they omit any mention of nuclear power.

The new position, not surprisingly, was op-

U.S. pressure

By Donald Kirk

TOKYO —

Japanese leaders are angry with America over what they regard as attempts by U.S. Defense Secretary Harold Brown to press them into a more hawkish response to the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan.

They are especially unresponsive to Brown's suggestion that Japan significantly increase its defense budget, which is limited to \$10 billion a year by a long-standing policy against devoting more than one percent of GNP to military spending.

The suggestion was made when Brown stopped off in Tokyo on his way home from China. One U.S. aide hastily explained that Brown, in his talks with Prime Minister Masayoshi Ohira, Foreign Minister Saburo Okita and Defense Agency Director-General Enji Kubota, "did not get into specific figures" but merely said "increases over an extended period would be appropriate."

Kubota reportedly said Japan had finished drafting this year's defense budget and that it maintained the same relative level as last year. Defense spending would go up by 6.5 per cent in actual figures or 2 to 3 per cent in real growth — a reflection of an equivalent rise in GNP.

Brown pointedly reminded Japanese leaders of increases in American defense spending and insisted, said an aide, "that the future of Japan should take into account current international circumstances," notably "Soviet behavior in

angers Japan

Afghanistan."

However, he appeared to have abandoned an earlier suggestion at a press briefing that Japan should raise defense spending by "several tens of a percent" of GNP each year — implying annual increases of several hundred million dollars.

In fact, American sources said after Brown's departure that the U.S. official responsible for the briefing had confused his decimal points and meant to say "several one-hundredths of a percent."

Either way, Japanese officials made it clear there could be no military cooperation with the U.S. beyond their own islands, regardless of what happened in Afghanistan. "It is not desirable to form such cooperation in the field of military affairs," Foreign Minister Okita said in response to a question about the chances of a tripartite alliance of the U.S., China and Japan.

He cited Japan's constitutional prohibition against waging war of any kind and noted that Japan had not provided military assistance or arms to any foreign country since World War II.

One of Tokyo's main fears is of provoking the Soviet Union into toughening its military stance much closer to Japan. "Japan is very anxious about its relations with the Soviet Union," said a military source, citing the perennial dispute over four small northern Japanese islands overrun by the Russians at the end of World War II and occupied now by a full Soviet division. — (OFNS)

saudi press review

Okaz gave prominence to Iran's attack.

Al Medina expressed resentment over the attitude of Islamic states that did not condemn the Soviet military intervention, saying that such a negative stance was worse than the Soviet action. The paper commended the Islamic states participating in the Islamabad conference for their open denunciation of the Soviet invasion, and stressed the need for adopting collective steps to eliminate the traces of the Communist aggression. It expressed satisfaction with the Pakistani President's call for a collective Islamic defense.

Dealing with the normalization of relations between Egypt and Israel, Al Bidaa was curious to know the purpose of the Egyptian government. It said this action has done a disservice to contemporary Arab history. The establishment of relations with Israel has overshadowed all the efforts of the Arabs who, for the past three decades, resisted every Zionist attempt to compel them to accept the "fait accompli" imposed by Israel.

The paper described the Egyptian government's action as a "serious precedent" in history,

"false" and said that the Muslims of the world will never accept the Judaization of Jerusalem, whose Arab and Islamic character is an established fact of history.

Dwelling on the same subject, Al Bidaa was curious to know the purpose of the Egyptian government. It said this action has done a disservice to contemporary Arab history. The establishment of relations with Israel has overshadowed all the efforts of the Arabs who, for the past three decades, resisted every Zionist attempt to compel them to accept the "fait accompli" imposed by Israel.

The paper described the Egyptian government's action as a "serious precedent" in history, obliterating all previous struggle of the fraternal people of Egypt.



"Keep yourself busy with the Moscow Olympics while I'm engaged with the games in Afghanistan."

Al-Medina

A majority of newspapers Monday published banner headlines for the opening of the extra-ordinary Islamic Foreign Ministers' Conference in Islamabad and Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal's statement that the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan took place in utter contempt of Islam. The lead stories also quoted him as saying that Saudi Arabia, as an Islamic state of the Third World, cannot but support the people of Afghanistan. Al Riyad led with Saudi Arabia's call for a total boycott of the puppet regime in Kabul, while Al Youm said that President Zia Ul Haq of Pakistan has urged the preparation of a joint Islamic defense plan.

In a front-page story, Al Jazirah reported America's guarded optimism over the election of Bani-Sadr as President of the

A hotel with a difference

By Kay Hardy Campbell

JEDDAH — Since its opening three months ago, the Al Badr Sheraton Hotel has distinguished itself with outstanding service. From the parking lots to the Royal Suites the hotel's emphasis on quality is evident in every staff member.

Fouad Fawaz, sales director for the hotel, sums up the staff's attitude. "We're trying to set an atmosphere in Jeddah... our personnel are always smiling and giving service. You are our guest and we treat you like one. Before you were begging for a room. We are serving you and are looking forward to having your business."

Besides accommodation, the Sheraton offers its guests an array of extras. There are

spacious lounges for business meetings over coffee, international culinary festivals, a travel agent and a rent-a-car service.

On the ground floor, the Okaz Coffee Shop, open 24 hours a day, offers a la carte dining constantly with a breakfast buffet. Outside the coffee shop is a small newsstand and pastry shop which carries both locally baked goods and pastries made by the hotel.

For guests who enjoy the tropical climate of Jeddah, the Sheraton has built an outdoor swimming pool and, for the convenience of all its guests, the hotel has designated the morning and early afternoons as hours when only women can use the pool. Thereafter it is open to men only. Soon to be installed over the pool area will be a clear geodesic dome. The pool area will then be air-conditioned.

In addition, a health club is to open soon

and will include weight lifting, jogging, work-out equipment and saunas. These facilities will also be available to both men and women by the same system of divided hours.

The hotel provides a babysitting service for guests and will help ladies find transport in the city. A hotel bus is often available.

One couple who have lived at the Sheraton since the second day it opened, enjoy the atmosphere of the hotel. They changed their double room several times until they found one larger than most rooms of the same category. Their only complaint after months at the hotel is that the rooms are small but they stay on because of the extras which far outweigh the room size. Most important to them is the service. "I like the friendliness. I feel like this is my home."

Gerhard Foltin, the general manager, defends the room size by explaining that the rooms look smaller because the size of the beds is larger than average.

The laundry service, which employs nearly thirty Far Easterners, is impeccable, expensive but unbeatable. Each shirt is folded and individually wrapped in a cellophane bag. Accordion pleats are perfectly pressed. The staff is accustomed to dealing with silks.

Jeddah's new international airport is miles from the hotel and there is a question as to whether this will affect the rates of occupancy. Foltin says, "Many hotels in Europe are 20 or 30 miles from their airports. Customers will insist on our hotel." In the future, Foltin concedes, "competition will be stronger. The hotels will have to fight for hotel guests."

It does not seem that the staff of his hotel will have to try much harder. They are ahead of their time when it comes to service and courtesy which, more than any other factors, bring customers back for a second stay.

Last year, Foltin and his department heads travelled to the Far East to interview thousands of employees for the 600 positions at the hotel. For every employee they now have working here, four were interviewed. Those hired first attended an orientation program that made sure they were aware of the living and working conditions in Saudi Arabia before they came. Once they arrived, their training continued.

The staff sees special Sheraton training films. Weekly meetings are held to keep the staff up to date on the latest policies. In addition to frequent quality checks, a training team flies to Jeddah twice a year to give training classes. Employees may study Arabic and English at the hotel. They also use their own full-time barbers who keep them trimmed for SR1 a cut.

The pride that the staff takes in its work is most clearly reflected in the hotel's restaurant. Coral Service is honed to perfection at its tables. Nowhere else in Jeddah does a waiter gracefully lay your napkin in your lap, or light your choice of the restaurant's fine cigars with cedar wood and present it to you on a silver platter. One frequent patron of the



The Sheraton Hotel

Coral said she once saw a waiter drop a platter of rice, pause a split-second to compose himself, and keep on going as if nothing had happened:

The Coral is much more than service. Ice-and-butter sculptures are made by a Thai artist in the kitchen. There are complementary appetizers and desserts and, most importantly, the restaurant is a showcase for astounding culinary wizardry. A list of the finest Middle East and European cuisine, the menu is as overwhelming as a first trip to the gold souq: duckling of Bresse, roast prime rib, medallions de veau, fresh shrimp from the

Gulf.

Erich Muller has every reason to be proud of it as the hotel's executive chef. He brings to the Sheraton a varied background beginning with his training in the chef's schools of Switzerland, which he naturally asserts are the best in Europe. He has worked as the head chef in several international luxury hotels before taking over in Jeddah. He shared with Arab News his favorite recipe, the Artichoke Scuffle.

Joachim Hofer, the pastry chef and also Swiss, recommended his favorite dessert known as Black and White. This dish is pro-

duced by cooking ball of stiffly beaten egg whites in vanilla and chocolate sauce. Hofer then sprinkles each with crokant, a mixture of boiled almonds and sugar and serves them floating in their sauce in a decorative glass. He says it is a light but fascinating climax to the rich entries of the restaurant.

The restaurant is striking evidence that the quality of service and the dedication of employees can make a profound difference. Throughout the hotel, from the man who pours cardamom coffee in the lobby to the housekeepers on each floor, the difference is clear.

Sheraton recipes

Artichoke Souffle : serves 4

3 Tablespoons butter
3 Tablespoons flour
1 cup scalded milk
4 eggs
4 large artichokes; boiled and cooled with the hearts removed so that each artichoke is a shell
4 artichoke hearts from above, finely chopped

Make a White Sauce from the butter, flour and milk.

Cool slightly.

In the meantime, beat the whites of the four eggs until stiff. Fold the whites into the sauce. Fold in finely chopped artichoke hearts. Pour the sauce into each artichoke shell, filling each one to just below the rim of the shell.

Bake at 375° for 20 minutes, or until the tops of the souffles have browned and have

gone over the artichoke shell rims an inch or so.

Serve with Crab Meat Sauce, topped with a dab of Lobster Butter.

Crab Meat Sauce

1/4 cup fresh cream or milk
1 teaspoon butter
1 teaspoon minced onion
1 ounce crabmeat

Boil water and milk until thickened. In a second pan, saute butter and onions. Add crabmeat to second pan, stirring in Cream Sauce afterwards. Top with a dab of Lobster Butter.

Lobster Butter

3 lbs. lobster shells or lobster
2 carrots, sliced
2 celery stalks, chopped
2 onions, chopped

2 tablespoons tomato paste
1/4 teaspoon each of thyme, oregano, basil

1 bay leaf
1 lb. butter

1 liter water or fish stock
Crush lobster or lobster shells. Fry in oil with carrots, celery and onions. Add tomato paste, seasonings, butter and water. Boil for two hours. Strain through muslin, cloth. Return to pan and boil until most of the water has evaporated. Restraine. Chill.

Chilled Melon Bisque

1 honeydew melon, cubed
1/2 teaspoon white pepper
1 1/2 cup milk (cream preferable)
8 freshly boiled shrimp
8 sprigs mint

In a blender, blend melon, salt and milk for two minutes. Divide into cups and garnish with shrimp and mint sprigs. (Set the shrimp on the dish rims so the tails hang out.)

Giving a hootenack for a pinkletink

By William Safire

NEW YORK — "Ah-choo," goes the sneeze.

"Bless you," some people respond.

"Gesundheit," say others.

"Scat" is the expressed wish of millions of Southerners.

In all cases, the response stems from the same superstition: when you sneeze, your soul goes out of your body, and unless you are promptly protected, you are possessed by demons. (Some of the best political columns are written between a sneeze and a blessing.)

"Gesundheit," the German word for "health," is used five times more than "Scat," a direct order to entering demons. In Texas, 19 people say "Gesundheit" to 12 for "Scat," but in Arkansas, it's "Scat" 6 to 1.

This useful information about how American English varies from place to place comes from preliminary research done by busy linguists producing the Dictionary of American Regional English. DARE is not a book you can buy, but is a project that has several of the early letters of the alphabet finished, and its director hopes to complete its monumental work by the end of 1983.

Professor Frederic Cassidy of the University of Wisconsin, whose already been put in the league of James ("Caught in the Web of Words") Murray by his Dictionary of Jamaican English,

"Bell pepper" in the South is "green pepper" in the North, and a "fuss" is a bother up north but a "fight" down South. For the standard command "Turn out the light," you will hear "Cut off" in the South, "shut off" and "Snap off" in the North, and occasionally, "Outten the light," in Pennsylvania and South Carolina, probably from Scots influence. My own favorite usage — "Douse the gilm" — is, Professor Cassidy smiles, widely remembered.

The raw data churn up great questions. Is "Headache!" used as a warning shout by anyone other than mechanics dropping wrenches from great heights in Oklahoma? Is "hootenack" used as a verb meaning "to talk someone into doing what he doesn't want to do" in any other state than Colorado? Is "pinkletink" used to describe a tree frog that makes that sort of sound except on Martha's Vineyard, Massachusetts?

If you don't give a hootenack for a pinkletink, you're insensitive to the color and excitement in our migrating, changing language. DARE is a valuable study of the real American tongue, showing how richly inventive and widely different we are. The American Dialect Society and the University of Wisconsin should be saluted for their sponsorship, and DARE is among the most useful expenditures being made by Joe Duffy at

the National Endowment for the Humanities and the Mellon Foundation. Requests are wanted from millionaires about to kick the bucket ("boot the pail" in some areas.)

I had lunch with Professor Cassidy recently and it is good to know that a great scholar is not on the trail of "pop" versus "soda" versus "tonic"; "milkshake" versus "frappe" versus "cabinet"; and "hoagy" versus "sub" versus "hero". He is scrupulous, but no fussbudget (in New York, he is not a "fusspot," and in South Carolina, he is not a "fussbox").

He questions everything about our spoken language. A waiter asked, "Bibb lettuce salad? And he said, "Thank you," adding to

sed with "Smattagottacoh" by the third baseman. For years, I thought "Smattagottacoh" was a Spanish alternative to "Gesundheit" until it dawned on me that what he was saying quickly was "What's the matter, you got a cold?"

When the nation of Colombia was herein misspelled "Columbia," I ran a correction from Liane Gutman of New York, who wrote, "Cristobal Colon is the Spanish name for Christopher Columbus." However, I misspelled her letter to read "Christobal Colon," and Miss Gutman, who is proud of being the best speller on her block, was profoundly embarrassed (two r's, two s's) by the incorrect "h". Nothing else will ever appear in this space about Latin America.

Next, a woman White House aide was referred to here as a "honcha," a word mistakenly assumed to be the feminine form of "honcho," which is a term in vogue for "person in charge." That was not just a mistake, but a filer de sole-cism: "honch" is a Japanese word for "squad leader" and a woman who is in charge is also a honch.

Hot new word is "minimal." Comes from art world, now in fashion. Fashion, voguish at Vogue, Calvin Klein advertisement. His hallmark: simplicity ... the fashion line that's pared down, beautifully basic .. He made it easy. Minimal.

"More or Less" headlines Time magazine California's Governor Edmund G. Brown Jr. "Our minimum goal is to have enough delegates to play a role in drafting the Democratic platform," says candidate's manager. Sub-head: "Jerry Brown: Minimalist."

Enough. Strike modifiers, conjunctions. Cut item short. Modern man is minimal animal.

At a small dinner in her honor the other night, Clare Boothe Luce, now 76, raised the subject of a word that is missing in the language. When a man strike his masculinity or otherwise feels the need to prove his virility, his despotic preening is called macho, from the Spanish word for "male." "Macho" is now used in English as the adjective form of the noun machismo, Spanish for "exaggerated sense of male pride."

That's fine male pride — but what of exaggerated female pride? Like an astronomer studying a black area of the sky and predicting the emergence of a new star. Mrs. Luce believes that new word will soon minted to match "macho."

She suggests "facho." I wonder: mucho macho feminists would object to the coining of a word to describe them that is lifted from the male form, like Adam's rib. Readers of this space are urged to send in suggestion, the winner receiving nothing but psychic income. I love a Ms. story.

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China halts circulation of all foreign currencies

PEKING, Jan. 28 (R) — China will soon prohibit the circulation of all foreign currency within the country and issue foreigners with "foreign exchange certificates" with which to buy imported goods, the New China News Agency (NCNA) said.

Confirming a report in Peking's local newspaper on Friday, NCNA said, "The Bank of China will soon issue foreign exchange certificates."

"As soon as these are issued, all units which have been approved to accept foreign currency directly will mark prices in renminbi (yuan) and accept the certificates rather than the currency."

"Buying and selling of foreign currency at black market prices is strictly forbidden."

"All provinces, municipalities and autonomous regions where foreign currency is now in circulation will prohibit its use."

The move appeared to be an attempt to stamp out the use of foreign currency in areas such as the southern province of Guangdong, where there has been a substantial illegal inflow of Hong Kong dollars brought by relatives from the British colony across the border.

At present foreign currencies may be used to buy imported goods in a limited number of shops at airports and hotels and in special tourist stores known as Friendship stores.

The prices for imports are denominated in U.S. dollars, Hong Kong dollars, French francs, Japanese yen, sterling and other main world currencies. But such goods may not be bought with the Chinese renminbi, or yuan.

However, it was not clear exactly how the new foreign exchange certificates would affect the black market, since a similar system has operated in the Soviet Union for many years and the black market there has continued to flourish.

A new system of comprehensive exchange controls is expected to be announced shortly.

NCNA said a week ago "the new regulations will govern all aspects of foreign exchange business, including those involving individuals, state organs, foreign diplomatic missions in China, enterprises owned by overseas Chinese and by foreigners and participants in joint ventures."

It is the solar sail, beloved of science fiction aficionados but shunned by the U.S. National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

Solar-sail crafts propelled by sunlight could carry much greater loads than conventional rockets, moving among planets as far away as Jupiter in long, slow voyages, one advocate says.

Similar but much larger sheets might eventually be used to capture solar power for earth, said Gary Flandro, professor of mechanical engineering at the University of Utah.

Flandro is among scientists at the university who are donating their time, and students who are working for class credit, to design the first solar sail.

Space has already been reserved aboard one of the first shuttle flights, although NASA was yet to grant final approval to any of the proposed experiments. The scientists must also get special permission for their project, because the first shuttles were not supposed to launch any other objects into space.

NASA charged \$10,000 to send such experimental packages into orbit. The fee for the sail has been covered by private donations.

Flandro said European scientists have shown interest in putting one of the folded sails aboard their new rocket, Ariane, which was successfully test-flown Dec. 24.

The sail will be 160 feet (50 meters) on a side, made of a plastic film called mylar, coated with aluminum on one side, light particles bouncing off the aluminum push the 11,200-square-foot sail.

Struts will connect the sail to an instrument pod. To travel aboard the space shuttle, the whole thing must fit into a canister about the size of a garbage can and weigh no more than 200 pounds.

Materials for the experimental solar sail would cost about \$300,000 retail, but researchers hope they will be donated.

The researchers plan to have their design completed by May or June and to begin construction in the summer. The shuttle flights were originally set for 1981, but the shuttle project is running behind schedule.

If the sail is accepted aboard the shuttle, it will be carried 130 miles (208 kms) above the earth. At that altitude, the atmosphere is still thick enough to drag on the sail if it is launched head-on, so the sail will be maneuvered nearly edge-on to the atmosphere.

The European Space Agency's Ariane rocket would carry the sail 22,000 miles (35,200 kms) out, where there would be no atmosphere hindrance, Flandro said. If that project comes to be, the space sail might be sent on a trip around the moon, he added.

Burundi receives free Japan aid

TOKYO, Jan. 28 (AP) — Japan will extend free aid totaling 100 million yen, equivalent to \$ 417,000 to Burundi for improvement of medical facilities in the African country, the foreign ministry said Monday.

Abu Dhabi okays \$2 billion budget

ABU DHABI, Jan. 28 (R) — Abu Dhabi's executive council has approved a development budget of 7,453 billion dirhams (about \$ two billion) for 1980, the official Emirates News Agency reported.

This compared with a budget of 6.2 billion

Burundi will use the aid for necessary medicines, hypodermics and other medical instruments for the improvement of medical facilities under a five-year economic and social development plan, the ministry said.

The agency said 1.83 billion dirhams (\$487 million) would go on town planning and 1.775 billion dirhams (\$470 million) on electricity and water projects.

KARACHI, Jan. 28 (AP) — Pakistan International Airlines (PIA) has signed a \$61 million loan agreement with the Export-Import Bank of the United States and a group of commercial banks for the purchase of a Boeing 747 jumbo jet, it was announced by the airline in Karachi on Monday.

PIA already has three 747s in service. The new aircraft is to join the PIA fleet in March this year.

According to a news release, the latest purchase is part of a \$ 350 million expansion project.

PIA signs loan for 747 purchase

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B.C.

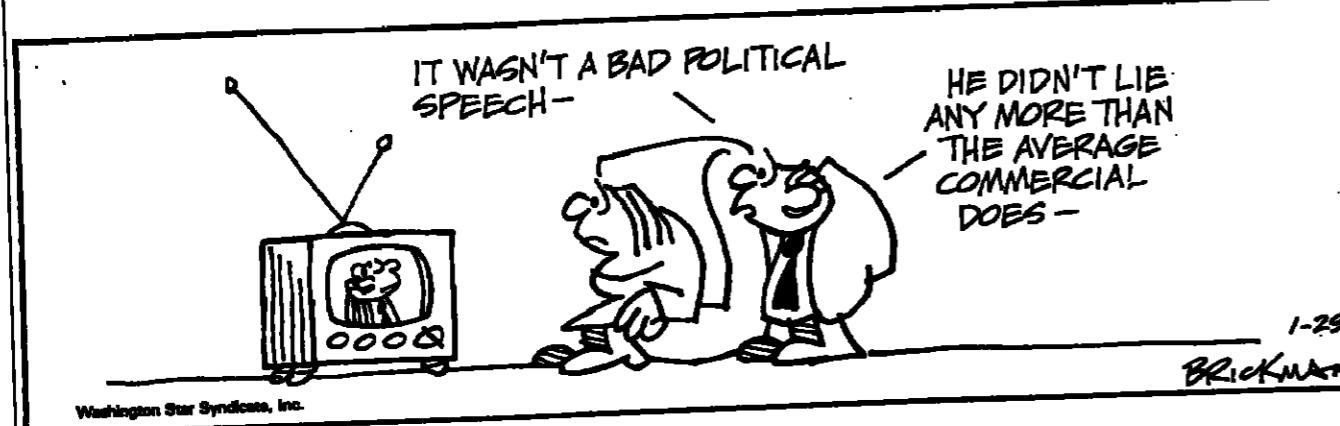
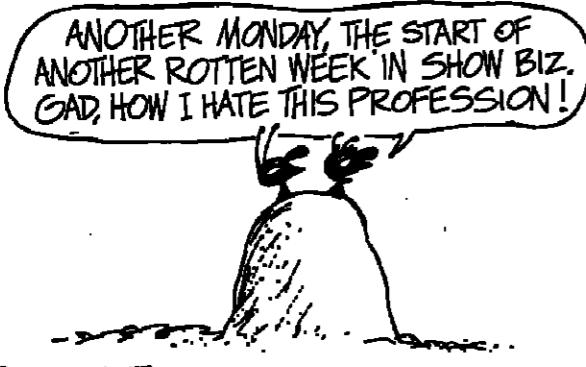
SMALL SOCIETY

BLONDIE

BEETLE BAILEY

HAGAR

WIZARD



DENNIS THE MENACE



'BEIN' ABLE TO READ JUST SPOILS A LOT OF FUN!'

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Crossword

by THOMAS JOSEPH

ACROSS

1 Task
4 Cyclotron
11 Wading bird
12 Walkiki
13 Line of talk
15 Work at
16 Firm order
17 Born: Fr.
18 Barracks
20 Classy dwelling
21 Placed
22 Devoured
23 Bundled
24 Hill builder
25 Cut no -26 Thanksgiving pie
27 Turf
30 A "Citizen Kane" star
31 Residence
32 Soprano, — Tassini33 Wonder
37 Fib
40 Going strong
43 Territory
44 Shade45 Rain
46 Water-loving animal

DOWN

1 Fellow

2 Catch -

3 Suburb

ACROSS
ABIDE BY
MAULI
MUMMIES
ISM
DEATH
TRADES
SAINT
ROSE
SEIR
IMA
CHANNEL
YON
HOT
IGO
ELOPED
ANGRA
TAXIED
SHED
PRY
OTT

Yesterday's Answer

26 Private room

27 Calif. city

31 Fluff

32 Type of hood

33 American playwright

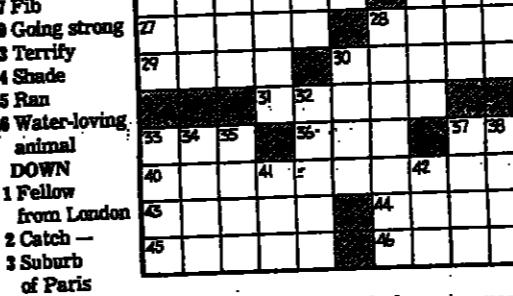
34 Crack river

41 English river

42 Punter

1-16

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10



DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE — Here's how to work it:

AXYDLBAAXR
is LONGFELLOW

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

CRYPTOQUOTES

JW CUWG WUP'K KPFN BK GBK-

QWY. RSJ JW CUWG WUP'K UPBDZ-

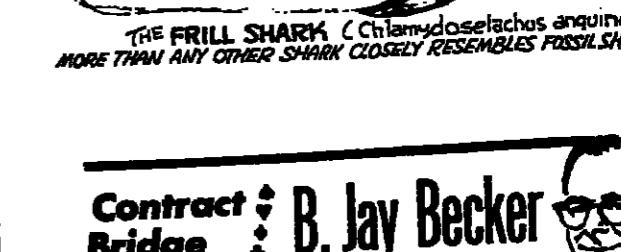
RWM BK DPUBSK. — YBUUX XUJMBY

Yesterday's Cryptoquote: ONE IS NOT OBLIGED TO BELONG SO MUCH TO ALL AS NOT TO BELONG AT ALL TO ONESELF. — BALTASAR GRACIAN

Rexy's Believe It or Not!

CHARLES HOLWAY
FAMED MAKER OF SNOWSHOES IN SOLON, ME., UPON LEARNING THAT A RIVAL HAD DEVISED A BINDING IMPROVEMENT, HELPED THAT INVENTOR MAKE A PATENT THE IDEA, AND PAID HER A ROYALTY ON EACH PAIR OF SHOES HE SOLD

A HOME PRICED AT \$50,000 TODAY — WITH AN INFLATION RATE OF 10% PER YEAR MAY WELL BE IN 1998 FOR WELL OVER \$300,000



Contract Bridge

B. Jay Becker

Solution to a Quandary

South dealer. Both sides vulnerable.

NORTH
♦K J 10 8 6 3
♦ 7 5
♦ Q J 10
♦ A JWEST
♦K ♠ 3 2
♦ Q 6 4
♦ 9 8 7 5 4 3 2
♦ A Q 9 7 5 4 2
♦ 8 7
♦ A 8 3
♦ 10EAST
♦ A ♠ Q 10 9 4
♦ 7 5 3 2
♦ K Q 6SOUTH
♦ A Q 9 7 5 4 2
♦ 8 7
♦ A 8 3
♦ 10

The bidding:

South West North East

1♦ Pass 3♦ 4♥

4♦

Opening lead — three of hearts.

Declarer next plays a club to the ace and then ruffs dummy's jack of clubs. South now exits with a trump, not concerned at all about which defender has the king of trumps or which suit that player returns.

By playing this way, declarer is sure to make the contract. The defender with the king of trumps is forced to make a favorable return, whether it is a diamond that eliminates the guess in that suit, or a different suit that declarer ruff and discard.

to guess which way to take the two-way diamond finesse.

Unfortunately, he decided that East, who had entered the bidding all by himself with four hearts, was more likely to have the queen of diamonds than West. Accordingly, declarer led the king of diamonds and then finessed the jack to go down one.

True, South was unlucky to find West with both the king of spades and queen of diamonds. Most of the time, East would have held either or both of these cards. But, even so, declarer should have made four spades. In effect, South had relied more on a probability than a certainty.

Instead, South should have ruffed the heart lead at trick three with the ace of trumps, thus conceding a trump trick to the enemy without making any effort to avoid it.

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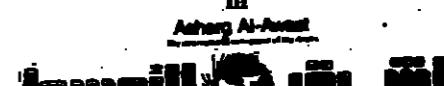
Here is a typical case where South went down one in a contract he should have made. East took the first two tricks with the Q, K, hearts and continued with the ace. When declarer ruffed with the nine, West overruffed with the king and shifted to a club. South won with the ace and, having already lost three tricks, had

A declarer frequently runs into difficult guess situations — because that is the nature of the game — but some of these guesses can be resolved by knowing which suit that player returns.

By playing this way, declarer is sure to make the contract. The defender with the king of trumps is forced to make a favorable return, whether it is a diamond that eliminates the guess in that suit, or a different suit that declarer ruff and discard.

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ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

PRAYER TIMES

TUESDAY	Fajr	Ishraq	Dhuhr	Asr	Maghreb	Isha
Mecca	5:43 7:04	12:40	3:51	6:11	7:41	
Medina	5:48 7:08	12:45	3:49	6:08	7:38	
Nejd	5:14 6:37	12:08	3:17	5:35	7:05	

DHAHRAN TV

4:30 Children's Show
5:48 Young Peoples Special
6:11 Sanford and Son Safety Film
6:51 Oregon Trail
7:38 Flying High
8:23 Man in a Suitcase
9:12 Barretta

Sesame Street No. 1209 Valley Forge—Young Spy The Heart attack Prevenable, Yes or No Waterhole The Vanishing Point Why they Killed Nolan Woman Trouble

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Mansour St.	Al-Ma'abda	32396
Al-Nuha		44216
Tareq ibn Ziad St.		—
Stasi St.		—
Al-Khezzan St.		—
Shobra, beside National Clinic		—
Addas St.		—
King's St.		22920
Near Fakhr Hospital		41551
Municipality St.		23553

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On SW at 11.855 MHz in 25 meter band
On MW at 1485 Kilohertz in 202 meter band

TUESDAY

Afternoon Transmission
2:00 Opening
2:01 Holy Quran
2:05 Gems of Guidance
2:10 Light Music
2:20 On Islam
2:30 Radio Magazine
3:00 NEWS
3:10 Press Review
3:15 Music
3:20 World of Machines
3:30 A Selection of Music
3:40 Closedown

Evening Transmission
9:00 Opening
9:01 Holy Quran
9:05 Gems of Guidance
9:10 Light Music
9:15 Bouquet
9:45 Reflections of a Muslim
10:00 Islamic Contributions
10:10 Music
10:15 NEWS
10:25 S.A. A Daily Chronicle
10:30 The Evening Show
11:00 The World of the Guitar
11:10 —
11:15 In the Quiet
11:45 A Rendezvous with Dreams
12:00 Closedown

BBC

Morning Transmission

8.00 World News
8.09 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary
8.30 Sarah Ward
8.45 World Today
9.00 Newsdesk
9.30 Opera Star
10.00 World News
10.09 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary
10.30 Sarah Ward
10.45 Something to Show You
11.00 World News
11.09 Reflections
11.15 Piano Style
11.30 Brain of Britain 1978
12.00 World News
12.09 British Press Review
12.15 World Today
12.30 Financial News
12.40 Look Ahead
12.45 The Tony Myatt Evening Transmission
1.15 Ulster in Focus
1.30 Discovery
2.00 World News
2.09 News about Britain
2.15 Alphabet of Musical Curios
2.30 Sports International
2.40 Radio Newsreel
3.15 Promenade Concert
3.45 Sports Round-up
4.00 World News

4.09 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary
4.30 The Pleasure's Yours
5.15 Report on Religion
6.00 Radio Newsreel
6.15 Outlook
7.00 World News
7.09 Commentary
7.15 Sherlock Holmes
7.45 World Today
8.00 World News
8.09 Books and Writers
8.30 Take One
8.45 Sports Round-up
9.00 World News
9.09 News about Britain
9.15 Radio Newsreel
9.30 Farming World
10.00 Outlook News Summary
10.39 Stock Market Report
10.43 Look Ahead
10.45 Ulster in Focus
11.00 World News
11.09 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary
12.15 Talkabout
12.45 Nature Notebook
1.00 World News
1.09 World Today
1.25 Financial News
1.35 Book Choice
1.40 Reflections
1.45 Sports Round-up
2.00 World News
2.09 Commentary
2.15 The Face of England

Your Individual Horoscope

Frances Drake

FOR TUESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1980

change of plans works out for the best. Enjoy the company of friends.

LIBRA Sept. 23 to Oct. 22

Do extra work behind-the-scenes or career projects. Don't let hidden tensions affect romance. Personality a factor in career success.

SCORPIO Oct. 23 to Nov. 21

A loved one may be critical of a friend. Get in touch with those at a distance. A trip has romantic possibilities.

SAGITTARIUS Nov. 22 to Dec. 21

Extra care needed with the written and spoken word. Don't waste time capitalizing on a career opportunity. Home life rewarding in the p.m.

CAPRICORN Dec. 22 to Jan. 19

Why not suggest a trip for two to a loved one? Be careful though not to go overboard in spending. The p.m. favors romantic communications.

AQUARIUS Jan. 20 to Feb. 18

Don't take risks with capital. Work still your best avenue towards financial remuneration. Do something nice for your associates.

PISCES Feb. 19 to Mar. 20

Accent the positive in romantic dealings. You'll have a good time together if you can squelch hidden resentments about

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PASSPORT LOST

BRITISH PASSPORT NO. P 787555 ISSUED TO MR. JOHN GREEN AT PETERBOROUGH ON 10-1-1972 AND BRITISH PASSPORT NO. M 357301 ISSUED TO MR. BARRY STEPHENS AT LONDON ON 11-1-1980 HAVE BEEN LOST.

FINDER PLEASE DELIVER TO BRITISH EMBASSY, P.O. BOX 393, JEDDAH.

ANNOUNCEMENT

OUR EMPLOYEE MR. DOMENICO AMBROSELLI HOLDER OF ITALIAN PASSPORT NO. 11116435/P IS LEAVING THE KINGDOM VERY SOON. ANYONE WHO HAVE ANY CLAIMS AGAINST HIM MAY CONTACT **FWI**, PHONE 4657051, P.O.BOX 1011, RIYADH. **PETROMIN**, PCC DEPARTMENT, P.O.BOX 757, RIYADH WITHIN ONE WEEK FROM TODAY.

ANNOUNCEMENT

OUR EMPLOYEE MR. WILLIAM BENTLEY HOLDER OF BRITISH PASSPORT NO. 943958 IS LEAVING THE KINGDOM VERY SOON. ANYONE WHO HAVE CLAIMS AGAINST HIM MAY CONTACT **MSJV** PHONE 4650714 AND WRITE TO P.O.BOX 4286 RIYADH, WITHIN ONE WEEK FROM TODAY

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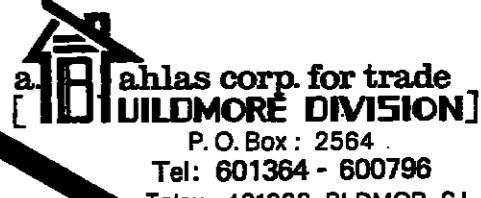
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NOTICE

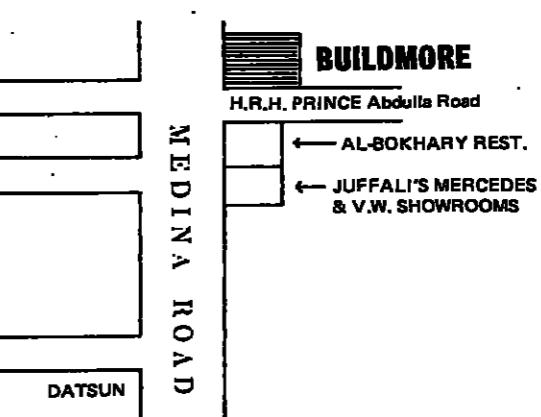
1. The Management of the Commercial and Residential Center, Queens Building, King Abdul Aziz Street, Jeddah, announces that it has, at the moment, vacant flats and spaces for rent, including two complete floors in the office building that can be partitioned according to the tenants discretion.
2. To let either in whole or in part, a compound consisting of 26 villas located on Medina Road and known as "Lockheed Compound". Each villa consists of three bedrooms two bath rooms, a living room and a dining room. For information please contact the management telephone: 33385 & 672730.



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Afghanistan moves overshadow Assad-Gromyko talks in Syria

DAMASCUS, Syria Jan. 28 (AP) — President Hafez Assad of Syria conferred here Monday with visiting Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko.

Earlier, Gromyko held a second, three-hour round of official talks with his Syrian counterpart, Abdul Halim Khaddam. The Syrian Foreign Minister also participated in the meeting between Assad and Gromyko.

Gromyko's schedule Monday also included a meeting with Palestinian guerrilla leader Yasser Arafat.

The Soviet foreign minister arrived here

Sunday on a three-day visit that coincided with an Islamic foreign ministers conference in Islamabad, Pakistan. That conference is dealing with the recent Soviet intervention in Afghanistan.

Syria is boycotting the Islamabad meeting in apparent deference to its Soviet ally.

Syria, one of Soviet Union's staunchest Arab allies, is making an apparent bid to blunt the Muslim world's criticism of the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan.

The Soviet foreign minister, who dubbed America "the worst enemy of Islam and

Third World nations" in a toast Sunday, did not speak to reporters as he strode bareheaded into the presidential palace in the winds whipping the Syrian capital.

Gromyko was scheduled to meet later with Arafat.

So far, Gromyko's visit here has given the Soviets an Arab platform for attacking America and countering the negative effects of the 41-member Islamic conference organization's meeting in Islamabad, called to discuss the Afghanistan invasion.

Gromyko also accused the United States of conducting "an expansionist imperialist policy."

Speaking at a banquet held in his honor by Khaddam, Gromyko said the United States had deliberately refrained in the past few days from speaking about the American hostages in Tehran "in order to convince Iran that its enemy is the Soviet Union, not the United States."

Gromyko said Washington was "spreading lies" that the Soviets had their eyes on a warm water port on the Indian Ocean.

The Soviet foreign minister arrived here

CHOICE OF TORCHES



The Olympics controversy as viewed by two American editorial cartoonists, Herbert Block and Bill Mauldin.

Gulf states may make arms

KUWAIT, Jan. 28 (R) — Gulf countries are planning a \$ 8 billion arms industry to produce French Mirage 111 jet fighters and Crotale missiles, the Kuwaiti newspaper *Al-Siyassa* said Monday.

It quoted political sources as saying the states would set up a joint military industries organization in the next few months to build a regional defense network.

French President Valery Giscard d'Estaing will discuss details of the plan with Gulf leaders when he visits the area in

March, it added.

The proposed organization would replace the Cairo-based Arab Organization for Industrialization, dissolved last year because of Egypt's peace treaty with Israel.

The defunct organization's capital of \$1.040 billion was put up by Saudi Arabia, Qatar and the United Arab Emirates. Egypt provided the facilities and manpower.

Ninth quake rattles N. California

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 28 (AP) — The ninth sizable earthquake in four days rattled the Livermore Valley of Northern California but there was no damage or injuries, authorities said.

Scientists warned more quakes can be expected in the area, about 45 km east of San Francisco.

The day's tremor registered only 4.0 on the Richter scale, not so violent as the 5.6 quake that shook the area at 6:33 p.m. Saturday.

Mike Browne of the State Office of Emergency Services said damage from Saturday's quake was widespread but minor, and no injuries were reported.

The latest quake, which struck, was the ninth since Thursday to register at least 4.0 — including six aftershocks that occurred between Thursday afternoon and Friday morning. In addition, there have been about 100 minor jolts.

Laurence Wells, who was working in a

railroad tower in Fremont at the time, said the Sunday shaker "was quite a bit different."

"The one Saturday was a big jolt and then shaking," he said. "The Sunday morning one was just a rapid shaking from start to end and a lot shorter than the other one. It definitely made me jump."

In the Thursday quake, damage was estimated at at least \$1 million, including possible structural damage to a five-story reinforced concrete office building. Following Sunday's quake, there was no new leaking of low-grade radioactive water from tank at the Lawrence Livermore Laboratory that leaked for several hours after being damaged Thursday. The lab works with nuclear weapons.

The Richter scale measures ground motion. Every increase in one number means a tenfold increase in magnitude. A quake measuring 5 is capable of causing considerable damage, 6 severe damage.

The advisory was distributed by the state news agency Tanjug.

Tito removed from intensive care

BELGRADE, Jan. 28 (AP) — President Josip Broz Tito has left the intensive care unit of the Ljubljana hospital and is now in the heart and blood vessels clinic there, where medical rehabilitation measures are continuing, his doctors' panel announced Monday.

The 87-year-old Yugoslav leader, who

had his left leg amputated more than a week ago because of circulatory blockade, entered the clinic Sunday afternoon, the doctors' advisory said, adding that since his recovery is progressing normally the daily health bulletins will no longer be issued.

The letter is from Park Chong-Kyu, chairman of the South Korean National Olympic Committee, to his North Korean counterpart, Kim Yu-Sun, the spokesman said.

After South Korea rejected as technically impractical an earlier North Korean proposal for forming a single Olympic team

SEOUL, Jan. 28 (Agencies) — South Korea will deliver a letter to North Korea Tuesday at Panmunjom in response to North Korea's latest proposal for a single Korean Olympic team for the Moscow games, a Seoul spokesman said Monday.

The letter is from Park Chong-Kyu, chairman of the South Korean National Olympic Committee, to his North Korean counterpart, Kim Yu-Sun, the spokesman said.

South Korean sources earlier said that it was too late to form a single team for the July Moscow games, and thus they believed the North Korean proposal was primarily for propaganda purposes.

North Korea in a letter delivered on Jan. 21 proposed a meeting of sports officials from both sides at Panmunjom for Feb. 1 on the subject.

Informed sports sources here believed that South Korea was likely to propose sports exchanges between the two sides, rejecting the single team proposal.

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